ONLINE LEARNING INCREASING ACCESSIBILITY

The University of Waterloo is committed to creating an accessible campus environment for students with disabilities. While the needs of students with disabilities are unique, and a solution for one may not be a solution for others, we hopoe this resource provides guidance on ways to enhance accessibility in your courses.

	DESCRIPTION	SOLUTION
WHAT'S ACCESSIBLE VS INACCESSIBLE	 What IS Accessible? Taking into consideration a variety of student characteristics, including ethnicity, race, abilities, disabilities, age, gender, language abilities and preferred learning style (students often have intersecting identities). Removing barriers to your course content before they negatively affect anyone. Enabling all students to access your regardless of a disability or condition What is NOT Accessible? Course content that poses barriers to an individual or minority of students Learning discrepancies in course content such as: Unreadable documents such as scanned textbooks & articles Images & Photos without descriptions Small Font sizes, light colours and symbols 	 ✓ Post readable Documents such as typed Word Documents or Tagged PDF's ✓ Caption your lectures and any audio ✓ Use Accessibility Checkers when creating course content or referencing websites ✓ Develop course content that permits the use of Adaptive Technologies ✓ Maximize methods of course delivery such as

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LIVE LECTURES	Virtual Classrooms (Bongo) Create a virtual meeting space allowing you to engage with one student, a small group of students, or up to 150 students with livestream video. Record for later viewing on demand. WebEx Create a virtual meeting space with up to 1000 students to share your video, audio, live presentation, and collaboration tools. Recordings can be made of sessions to review later.	For specific information: Virtual Classrooms (Bongo) https://uwaterloo.ca/keep- learning/bongo Send Virtual Classrooms (Bongo) technical help requests to: learnhelp@uwaterloo.ca WebEx https://uwaterloo.ca/keep- learning/webex WebEx Training http://juno.uwaterloo.ca/itms- docs/webextrainingbasic.html Send WebEx technical help requests to: rt-ist-itms- collab@rt.uwaterloo.ca

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PRE- RECORDED LECTURES	PowerPoint PowerPoint is an accessible platform for Online Learning as it permits: Individual Slide notes for text descriptions Audio recording for lecture development Text extraction for students who require adaptive technologies Screen Casting Screen Casts are not typically accessible. A transcript, speaker notes or other accessible alternative may be required. Permit Captioning Permit captioning when posting a video. Use otter.ai to develop voice translation to text Lecture Text can now be uploaded to LEARN or other platforms Develop A Lecture Script If a script is developed this can be easily uploaded for student access along with the lecture video. This permits students with disabilities to obtain an alternative lecture as well as the use of Accessible technologies (screen readers, text to audio)	For specific information & Accessibility Instructions: CEL guide to creating narrated PowerPoint presentations https://bit.ly/3e6o2ob CTE Accessibility Checklist for PowerPoint https://bit.ly/2yqKTL7 Captioning Technologies: https://bit.ly/2WZ1TSS Transcribing Audio To Text Using Otter.ai http://y2u.be/Ve9RwGPPxHs

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	SOLUTION	RESOURCES
	 Styles & Format Use accessible font styles (Calibri) and sizes (nothing less than 12-point font). Use your software's built-in styles and automatic features (e.g., headers, table of contents, bullet points/numbering, format painter, margins, and tables). Avoid the tab key and space bar; they do not create an accessible structure. 	For specific information & Accessibility Instructions: PDF Accessibility https://bit.ly/2wQvMdj
DEVELORING	 Do NOT use colour so signify meaning 	Microsoft Accessibility https://bit.ly/2WZwiQS
DEVELOPING COURSE CONTENT	 Provide Alternative Format & Content Describe non-text content with alt text (e.g., pictures, graphs, charts). Include text alternatives of multimedia content, such as audio or video files. 	PowerPoint Accessibility https://bit.ly/2yqKTL7
	 HTML code is more accessible for assistive technologies to interpret than application-based files such as Microsoft Word. 	Accessibility In Teaching https://bit.ly/343KauP
	 If using PDF files, use optical character recognition (OCR) if you are scanning documents so screen readers can read the text. Consider adding tags to your documents to enable screen reader users to navigate them more easily. 	Design an Accessible Course https://bit.ly/2xGddbD

