

#### What is a case?

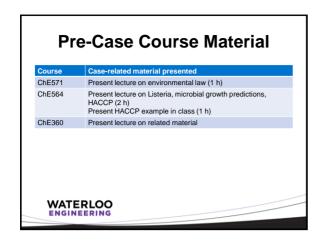
- There are different opinions on what a "case" is
- · A real situation or problem
- · Often ill-posed and open-ended
- Information and data may be missing, unavailable, hard to extract, wrong, etc.
- Often integrated with other parts of the curriculum WATERLOO

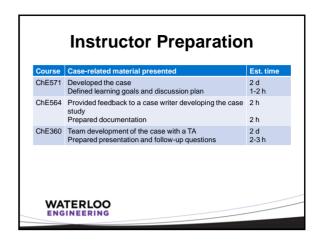
#### Why cases?

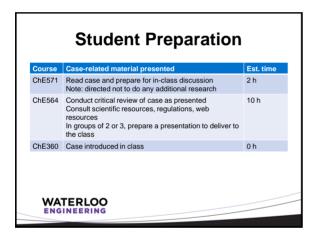
- Promote student engagement and enjoyment and lead to deeper learning
- Enable students to develop critical analysis and research skills
- Provide an opportunity to demonstrate and enhance creativity
- Provides an opportunity to integrate different areas of the curriculum
- Leverage our students' co-op experiences
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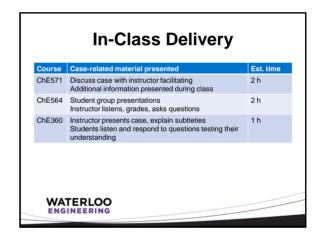
#### Course Contexts Course ChE571 - Industrial TE Industrial metabolism, lifecycle 65 (4B) assessment and environmental aspects of Ecology chemical engineering ChE564 - Food ΤE 17 Food characteristics, processing methods, Process Engineering (4B) preservation techniques, food safety ChE360 -Core 92 Components of a bioprocess, organism Bioprocess (3A) selection and characterization, bioprocess Engineering design, product recovery and purification \*TE: Technical elective, mostly students take these in 4B **WATERLOO**

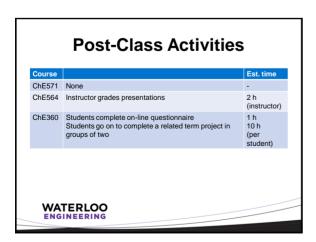
Learning Objectives	
Course	Objective
ChE571	To reinforce knowledge of environmental law in Canada and to explore and understand the concept of due diligence
ChE564	To conduct a critical analysis of the manufacture of ready-to-eat meat products by considering the 2008 Canadian Listeriosis outbreak with respect to one of the following topics: Listeria growth prediction Environmental testing Meat equipment operation and cleaning Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) plan
ChE360	To gain an understanding of what an organism is able to produce, how it's able to produce it, and how we can the recover the product
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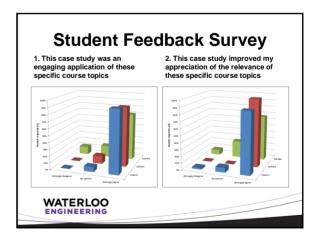


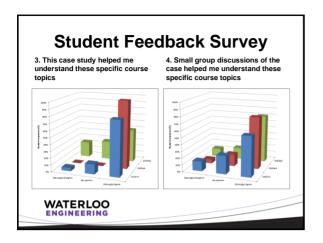


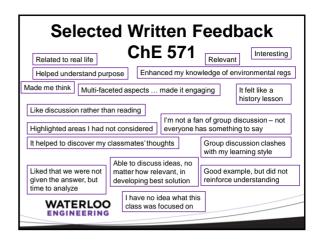


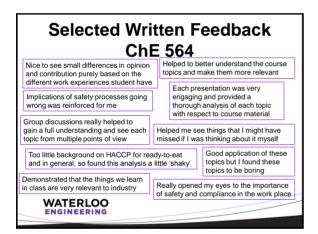


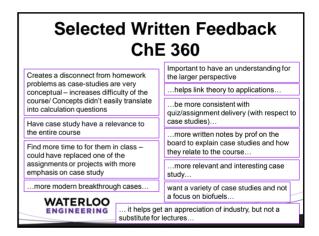


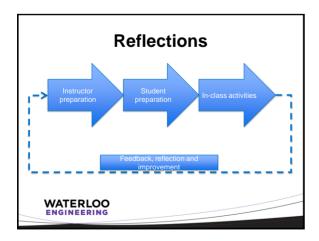












# Reflections: Instructor Preparation

- · Cases for courses
  - Three very different applications of case studies; cases have specific teaching purposes (though one case may have multiple potential uses)
- · Manage student expectations
  - Clear communication required
  - Directed preparation: questions to consider, additional resources required, etc.
  - Consider student maturity and familiarity with cases

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## Reflections: Student Preparation

- Essential component students need to buy-in
  - "Learning contract"
- · Directed preparation
- Use small-group discussion before (or at start of) class
  - Makes it more difficult for students not to prepare
  - Opportunity for everyone to speak

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### Reflections: In-Class and Post-Class Activities

- Students were generally engaged and interested
  - successful peer-learning / -teaching!
- Follow-up
  - Conclusions (instructor or student?)
  - Opportunities for related assignment, projects, etc.
  - Align with learning objectives
  - Provide feedback after the case study

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