

# **Digital Overground**

Cybersecurity and Privacy Institute Student Newsletter



If we say that Spring has sprung, does that mean Fall has fallen? Also, as Halloween is coming up, make sure to trick-or-treat yourself to some candy and costumed silliness! A little sugar rush whilst dancing around in a giant banana costume has been proven to lower stress, enhance learning, and increase your awesomeness on a cellular level; science for the win! With the leaves changing and the weather cooling off, we would like to remind you to always bring a sweater, update your passwords, and enjoy your October!

If you are interested in contributing to this newsletter, please email us at <u>CPI</u> <u>Students <cpi.students@uwaterloo.ca></u> we welcome the help!

# **Upcoming Events**

## Treaty Girl exhibit at Longhouse Labs

**Open Access Week: Reproducibility and Replicability in Research** 

Open Access Week: Increasing Research Impact and Academic Prestige through Open Access Publishing

Bridge 2024: Honouring the Lives of Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women, Girls, and Two Spirit People

Smartizen Halloween party

To Hell with the 90's

Cyclist Workshop

**Bloody Berlin Walking Tour** 

## **Student Support and Resources**

<u>Campus Wellness and Counselling Services</u> <u>CPI for Students</u> <u>Current Students Pathways</u> <u>CPI Undergraduate Award</u> <u>CPI Excellence Graduate Scholarship</u> <u>The Vector Digital Talent Hub</u>

#### Research

Out of the Ordinary: Spectrally Adapting Regression for Covariate Shift

Benjamin Eyre, CPI Member Elliot Creager, David Madras, Vardan Papyan, &Richard Zemel

<u>The current state of artificial intelligence generative language models is more creative</u> <u>than humans on divergent thinking tasks</u> Kent F. Hubert, Kim N. Awa & Darya L. Zabelina

Managing Heterogeneous Datacenters with Tokens

CPI Member Seyed Majid Zahedi, Songchun Fan, & Benjamin C. Lee

<u>FITS: Inferring Intermediate Taint Sources for Effective</u> Vulnerability Analysis of IoT Device Firmware

Puzhuo Liu, Yaowen Zheng, CPI Member Chengnian Sun, Chuan Qin, Dongliang Fang, Mingdong Liu, & Limin Sun

> Reinforcement Learning and Collusion CPI Member Clemens Possnig

> > <u>Remembering to Be Fair:</u>

Non-Markovian Fairness in Sequential Decision Making

Parand A. Alamdari, Toryn Q. Klassen, CPI Member Elliot Creager, & Sheila A. McIlraith

Distributed Strategies for Computational Sprints

Songchun Fan, CPI Member Seyed Majid Zahedi, & Benjamin C. Lee

An Empirical Study of Data Disruption by Ransomware Attacks

Yiwei Hou, Lihua Guo, Chijin Zhou, Yiwen Xu, Zijing Yin, Shanshan Li, CPI Member Chengnian Sun, & Yu Jiang

Learning to Best Reply: On the Consistency of Multi-Agent Reinforcement Learning CPI Member Clemens Possnig

## **Open Calls**

The <u>Vector Digital Talent Hub</u> encourages students to create profiles on their website to apply for a variety of employment opportunities. | Vector Institute

ICITST 2024 : International Conference for Internet Technology and Secured Transactions

<u>New York Annual Conference on Cyber Security 2024</u> <u>December 14-15, 2024,</u> <u>New York City</u>

International Journal on Cybernetics & Informatics ( IJCI)

WatITis 2024 Conference

## In the Media

 Podcast of the Month: Cybersecurity Today: Wayback Machine Read-Only, AI-Driven Phishing, and Quantum Computing Breakthroughs - In this episode of Cybersecurity Today, host Jim Love discusses the recent cyber incident with the Internet Archive's Wayback Machine, which is now back online in read-only mode. He outlines sophisticated AI- driven Gmail phishing schemes that are fooling even tech experts and reports on Chinese researchers' breakthrough using a Canadian quantum computer to potentially crack military-grade encryption. Jim also shares practical advice on staying vigilant against such cyber threats.

- <u>AI begins its ominous split away from human thinking</u>
- Warning! This is how cars are hacked. Just like in Mr Robot.
- <u>How to Create a Beautiful Python Visualization Dashboard</u> <u>with Panel/Hyplot</u>
- Create An AI Song and Music Video That's Actually Good
- AI Models in Cybersecurity: From Misuse to Abuse
- <u>Gryphon Healthcare, Tri-City Medical Center Disclose</u>
  <u>Significant Data Breaches</u>
- <u>Mastercard to Acquire Threat Intelligence Firm Recorded</u> <u>Future for \$2.6 Billion</u>
- Organizations Faster at Detecting OT Incidents, but <u>Response Still Lacking: Report</u>
- How Lessons Learned From the 2016 Campaign Led US
  Officials to Be More Open About Iran Hack
- Homebrew Security Audit Finds 25 Vulnerabilities

Seen anything that you think should be on this list for our next edition? Let us know!

CPI Students <cpi.students@uwaterloo.ca>

## **Student Spotlights**

Optimizing Adaptive Attacks Against Content Watermarks for Language Models Abdulrahman Diaa, Toluwani Aremu, Florian Kerschbaum, Nils Lukas



Our October Student Spotlight features the CPI Poster competition winner, **Abdulrahman Diaa**, Supervisor: Florian Kerschbaum CS, with their work entitled: <u>Optimizing Adaptive Attacks Against Content Watermarks</u> <u>for Language Models</u>

Large Language Models (LLMs) can be \emph{misused} to spread online spam and misinformation. Content watermarking deters misuse by hiding a message in model-generated outputs, enabling their detection using a secret watermarking key. Robustness is a core security property, stating that evading detection requires (significant) degradation of the content's quality. Many LLM watermarking methods have been proposed, but robustness is tested only against \emph{non-adaptive} attackers who lack knowledge of the watermarking method and can find only suboptimal attacks. They formulate the robustness of LLM watermarking as an objective function and propose preference-based optimization to tune \emph{adaptive} attacks against the specific watermarking method. Their evaluation shows that (i) adaptive attacks substantially outperform non-adaptive baselines. (ii) Even in a non-adaptive setting, adaptive attacks optimized against a few known watermarks remain highly effective when tested against other unseen watermarks, and (iii) optimization-based attacks are practical and require less than seven GPU hours. Their findings underscore the need to test robustness against adaptive attackers.

Find Out More about Digital Overground

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