Instructor Information
Instructor: Margaret Insley
Office: 216 Hagey Hall
Phone: (519) 888-4567 ext. 38918
Office Hours: Mon/Wed 3-4 pm, or by appointment

Course description
Humanity depends on natural resources for survival; yet increasing population and economic growth have put pressure on key natural resources such as forests, fisheries, and water. In addition, the economies of the world’s wealthier countries are highly dependent on depletable natural resources - oil and natural gas, in particular. In this course we will use the theory and tools of economics to explore key issues of natural resource use and management. We will seek to understand the meaning and implications of natural resource scarcity and how the insights of economics might be used to promote a more sustainable path for our future. We begin with basic economic concepts such as static and dynamic efficiency, property rights and market failure. We then apply these concepts to the management of key resources such as energy resources, fisheries, forestry, and water.

Course objectives and learning outcomes
The objective of the course is to apply the normative economic concepts of static and dynamic efficiency to questions concerning society’s exploitation of natural resources.

Upon completion of the course students should be able to:
• Explain the determination of the efficient level of extraction over time for renewable and non-renewable resources and distinguish between efficiency and equity
• Describe the determinants of natural resource prices over time
• Explain the significance of discounting in economic decisions about natural resources and the associated ethical dilemmas
• Analyze market failures and the need for government intervention to support a more efficient allocation of natural resources in specific examples
• Evaluate government natural resource policies for efficiency, equity and societal welfare.

Textbooks
Required: Peter Berck and Gloria Helfand, The Economics of the Environment, Addison-Wesley, 2011, chapters 16 and 17. Available from the bookstore.
Optional: Tom Tietenberg and Lynne Lewis, Environmental and Natural Resource Economics, Pearson, tenth edition, 2015. This text provides useful background information. It is available on-line through the library (3 copies). An older edition will be put on reserve in the Dana Porter library.

Other References
(Some of these are required readings, as indicated in the course schedule below. Note that some of the links will only work if you are on campus or logged into your library account from home. Articles without links are available through the library.)


**Course Assessment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Evaluation</th>
<th>Percent of final grade</th>
<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Participation</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>In-class and on-line participation in assigned exercises throughout the term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Midterm 1</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Monday, October 3, in class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment 1</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Wednesday, October 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Midterm 2</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Monday, November 14, in class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment 2</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>Monday, November 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Exam</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>Scheduled by the registrar</td>
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Outline of topics to be covered

1. Introduction
   1.1. Scarcity and limits to growth
   1.2. Natural resources and the economy
2. Static efficiency: a normative criteria for decision making
   2.1. Review of basic concepts: willingness-to-pay, marginal and total cost, consumer and producer surplus, Pareto optimality
   2.2. Property rights and efficient market allocations
   2.3. Externalities as a source of market failure
   2.4. Public goods
   2.5. Public policy and the pursuit of efficiency
3. Discounting and dynamic efficiency
   3.1. What is dynamic efficiency?
   3.2. How should the discount rate be chosen for public policy decisions?
4. Non-renewable resource management
   4.1. Optimal extraction over time in a competitive industry
   4.2. Extraction by a monopolist
   4.3. Characterizing the resource stock
   4.4. Running out of reserves or running out of the environment
5. World oil markets: what drives the price of oil?
   5.1. Oil prices and Hotelling’s Rule
   5.2. The OPEC cartel
   5.3. Recent volatility in world oil markets
6. Fisheries
   6.1. Introduction
   6.2. A model of the fishery
   6.3. Dynamics of open access
   6.4. Determining the socially optimal harvest level
   6.5. Extinction in a steady state model
   6.6. Regulation of the fishery
   6.7. Case study: Pacific halibut
7. Forest economics
   7.1. Characteristics of the forest resource
   7.2. A single rotation forest model
   7.3. Faustmann rule for determining optimal harvest age
   7.4. Example of finding the optimal rotation age
   7.5. Efficient harvest in a mature forest
   7.6. Including non-timber values
   7.7. Multiple use management
   7.8. Sources of inefficiency in forest management
8. Water economics
9. Sustainability, dynamic efficiency, and the limits to growth revisited
Tentative course schedule

Note: I will not follow this schedule rigidly, but will adapt the timing of topics as needed to best make use of class time. Additional readings may be assigned throughout the term. Check LEARN regularly for an up-to-date reading list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Lecture</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Schedule notes</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Readings</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9-Sep</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.1 Scarcity and the limits to growth</td>
<td>K. Arrow <em>et al</em> (1995)<em>; Darmstadter(21012)</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>12-Sep</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.2 Natural resources and the economy</td>
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<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14-Sep</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.1 Review of basic concepts</td>
<td>T and L, Ch 2 and Ch 3; Your Ec101 textbook as needed</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>16-Sep</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.1 continued</td>
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<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>19-Sep</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.2 Property rights and efficient market allocations</td>
<td>Economist (2016)*</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>21-Sep</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.3 Externalities as a source of market failures</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>23-Sep</td>
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<td>2.3 continued</td>
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<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>26-Sep</td>
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<td>2.4 Public goods</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>28-Sep</td>
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<td>2.4 continued</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>30-Sep</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.5 Public policy and the pursuit of efficiency</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Midterm #1</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>5-Oct</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.1 What is dynamic efficiency</td>
<td>T and L, Ch 3, pages 51-71</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>Thanksgiving</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>14</td>
<td>Study day</td>
<td></td>
<td>No Class, Study day</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>17-Oct</td>
<td>14-Oct</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.2 continued</td>
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<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td>17-Oct</td>
<td></td>
<td>4.1 Optimal extraction over time</td>
<td>H&amp;B, Chapter 16*; T and L, Ch 6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Week</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Assignment/Notes</td>
<td>Topics</td>
<td>References</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>19-Oct</td>
<td>4.1 continued</td>
<td>McGlade and Ekins (2014)*</td>
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<td></td>
<td>17</td>
<td>21-Oct</td>
<td>4.1 continued; 4.2 Extraction by a monopolist</td>
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<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>24-Oct</td>
<td>4.3 Characterizing the resource stock; 4.4 Running out of reserves or the environment</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>26-Oct</td>
<td><strong>Assignment 1 due</strong></td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>28-Oct</td>
<td>5.1 Oil prices and Hotelling's Rule?; 5.2 The OPEC cartel</td>
<td>Smith (2009)*</td>
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<td></td>
<td>21</td>
<td>31-Oct</td>
<td>5.3 Recent volatility in oil prices</td>
<td>Smith (2012)</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>2-Nov</td>
<td>6.1 Introduction to fisheries; 6.2 A model of the fishery</td>
<td>H&amp;B, Chapter 17*</td>
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<td>23</td>
<td>4-Nov</td>
<td>6.1 continued; 6.3 Dynamics of open access</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>9-Nov</td>
<td>6.6 Regulation of the fishery</td>
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<td>26</td>
<td>12-Nov</td>
<td>6.6 continues; 6.7 Case study: Pacific halibut</td>
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<td></td>
<td>27</td>
<td>14-Nov</td>
<td><strong>Midterm #2</strong></td>
<td>Tollefson (2015)* H&amp;B, Ch 17, p 431 - 433</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>16-Nov</td>
<td>7.1 Characteristics of the forest resource; 7.2 A single rotation model</td>
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<td>29</td>
<td>19-Nov</td>
<td>7.3 Faustmann rule; 7.4 Finding the optimal rotation age</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
<td>21-Nov</td>
<td>7.4 continued; 7.5 Efficient harvests in a mature forest</td>
<td>Sustainable Prosperity (2011)* Olmstead and Stavins (2009)*</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>23-Nov</td>
<td>7.6 Including non-timber values; 7.7 Multiple use management; 7.8 Sources of inefficiency</td>
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Required Background

- The prerequisite is Econ101.
- Students are expected to be competent with skills in basic algebra, such as solving two linear equations in two unknowns, and working with exponents and logarithms.

Readings and notes on LEARN

- Course notes, announcements etc can be found on LEARN.
- The course notes provide an outline of important points, but leave out many details. It is recommended that you bring the relevant notes to class each week so that you can fill in missing sections.

Midterm

- A student who misses the midterm due to illness or other extenuating circumstances may seek approval from me to have the weighting of the test shifted to the final exam. Approval will be granted only if appropriate documentation is submitted. If the student does not receive my approval, then a mark of zero will be assigned for the missed midterm. Appropriate documentation in the case of illness is the University’s Verification of Illness Form completed by the University of Waterloo Health Services or an Ontario physician. **Students must submit their documentation within one week of the missed midterm.**

- Students with a concern about the marking of a midterm must consult with me within two weeks of the date that it is returned in class. After two weeks I will not make any adjustments to a midterm mark.

Assignments

- Assignments will involve problem solving as well as essay questions requiring reading and analysis.
- Assignments may be completed individually or in groups of two. For group assignments, each student will receive the same mark. It is very important that each
student in a group contributes equally to the assignment and understands the solutions. Exam questions will draw on assignment materials.

Participation
- Participation marks will be based on a student’s contributions to discussions of topics that will be assigned during the term. This will include in-class discussions of specific articles as well as on-line discussions in LEARN.

Policy on late assignments
- A deduction of 5% per day will be applied to an assignment handed in late.

Final Exam
- The final exam is cumulative.
- Students are responsible for material covered in lectures and assigned readings.

Electronic Device Policy
Students are welcome to bring laptop computers or other electronic devices to class for note taking. Browsing the internet during class is not permitted. Please turn off cell phones during class time.

Attendance Policy
Consistent attendance is highly recommended. Course notes available on LEARN are intended as an aid to understanding, not a substitute for classes.

Economics Department Deferred Final Exam Policy

Statements included on all course outlines

Cross-listed course
Please note that a cross-listed course will count in all respective averages no matter under which rubric it has been taken. For example, a PHIL/PSCI cross-list will count in a Philosophy major average, even if the course was taken under the Political Science rubric.

Academic Integrity

Academic Integrity: In order to maintain a culture of academic integrity, members of the University of Waterloo are expected to promote honesty, trust, fairness, respect and responsibility. See the UWaterloo Academic Integrity webpage and the Arts Academic Integrity webpage for more information.

Discipline: A student is expected to know what constitutes academic integrity, to avoid committing academic offences, and to take responsibility for his/her actions. A student who is unsure whether an action constitutes an offence, or who needs help in
learning how to avoid offences (e.g., plagiarism, cheating) or about “rules” for group work/collaboration should seek guidance from the course professor, academic advisor, or the Undergraduate Associate Dean. When misconduct has been found to have occurred, disciplinary penalties will be imposed under Policy 71 – Student Discipline. For information on categories of offenses and types of penalties, students should refer to Policy 71 - Student Discipline. For typical penalties check Guidelines for the Assessment of Penalties.

**Grievance:** A student who believes that a decision affecting some aspect of his/her university life has been unfair or unreasonable may have grounds for initiating a grievance. Read Policy 70 - Student Petitions and Grievances, Section 4. When in doubt, please be certain to contact the department’s administrative assistant who will provide further assistance.

**Appeals:** A decision made or penalty imposed under Policy 70 - Student Petitions and Grievances (other than a petition) or Policy 71 - Student Discipline may be appealed if there is a ground. A student who believes he/she has a ground for an appeal should refer to Policy 72 - Student Appeals.

**Accommodation for Students with Disabilities**

**Note for students with disabilities:** The AccessAbility Services office, located on the first floor of the Needles Hall extension (1401), collaborates with all academic departments to arrange appropriate accommodations for students with disabilities without compromising the academic integrity of the curriculum. If you require academic accommodations to lessen the impact of your disability, please register with the AS office at the beginning of each academic term.