

University of Waterloo
ECE 688: Nonlinear Systems
Winter 2025 (tentative)

Lectures: Tuesday, Thursday 14:30 pm to 16:00. EIT-3141.

Instructor: Prof. Christopher Nielsen.

Office hours: Monday 4:00pm to 5:20pm, EIT-4106.

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Website: <http://learn.uwaterloo.ca/>

Course description:

Virtually all systems are nonlinear in nature. While it is sometimes possible to approximate a system's behaviour using a linear model, this approach is only valid when the system stays close to a "nominal" set of operating conditions. When the system deviates significantly from these conditions, a linearized model becomes inadequate for describing the underlying phenomena. This is where the material covered in this course becomes valuable.

In this course we cover classical and modern approaches to the analysis of finite-dimensional, deterministic, nonlinear systems modeled by ordinary differential equations with an emphasis on stability, robustness and the effect of interconnecting dynamical system and provide an introduction to nonlinear stabilization. The material offers a rigorous foundation for engineers interested in an in-depth understanding of nonlinear systems, with applications across all branches of engineering.

Calendar description: Equilibrium points, linearization; second order systems; contraction mapping principle; existence and uniqueness of solutions to nonlinear differential equations; periodic solutions; Lyapunov stability; the Lure problem; introduction to input-output stability, introduction to nonlinear control techniques.

Intended learning outcomes: At the end of the course it is hoped that you are able to:

- Explain the relationship between a dynamical system and its associated vector field
- Investigate the stability of a nonlinear system using Lyapunov's direct and indirect methods and the invariance principle
- Design stabilizing state feedback using linearization and control Lyapunov functions
- Determine if a system is dissipative for a given storage function and supply rate
- Design passivity-based stabilizing controllers for simple mechanical systems

Recommended background: Undergraduate calculus and linear algebra; some exposure to state-space models.

Text: Course notes are available on the course website. The optional suggested textbook is

Nonlinear Systems, 3rd edition, H.K. Khalil.

Additional references

- Nonlinear Systems Analysis, 2nd edition. M. Vidyasagar (2002).
- Nonlinear Dynamical Systems and Control: A Lyapunov-Based Approach. W. Haddad and V. Chellaboina (2008).
- \mathcal{L}_2 -Gain and Passivity Techniques in Nonlinear Control, A. van der Schaft (1996).
- Differential Equations, Dynamical Systems, and Linear Algebra. M. Hirsch and S. Smale (1974).

Evaluation:

50% Final exam: open book.

50% Assignments: Four (4) assignments spread over the term.

Tentative Topics List:

1. Introduction to nonlinear models and phenomena

Examples.

2. Mathematical preliminaries

Norms, basic topology, continuity and differentiation.

3. Dynamical systems and differential equations

Dynamical systems, vector fields and local flows, existence and uniqueness.

4. Key concepts in dynamics

Equilibria and closed orbits, invariant sets, Nagumo's theorem, limit sets, linearization of nonlinear systems.

5. Stability theory

Notions of stability, Lyapunov's direct method, the invariance principle, exponential stability and linearization, converse theorems.

6. Introduction to nonlinear stabilization

Stabilization using linearization, control Lyapunov functions, Artstein-Sontag theorem, Brockett's necessary conditions for continuous stabilizability.

7. Dissipative systems

Dissipative systems and Lyapunov stability, finite-gain stability, interconnected dissipative systems, application to mechanical control systems.

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Appeals: A decision made or penalty imposed under [Policy 70, Student Petitions and Grievances](#) (other than a petition) or [Policy 71, Student Discipline](#) may be appealed if there is a ground. A student who believes they have a ground for an appeal should refer to [Policy 72, Student Appeals](#).

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