

## ERS 283 Spring 2022

### IMPORTANT NOTE:

This is a draft version of the ERS283 syllabus and it will likely change. ERS283 was initially designed and first offered as a blended course—with initial readings and LEARN activities providing the preparation for the one-week field component—in 2007. It was changed to a completely 'remote' version in 2020 and 2021 due to COVID-19. The plan is to return to a blended design in 2022 (as below), though details are still being worked out in part because the field venue used for the decade prior to COVID-19 is no longer available.

## Ontario Natural History: Species and Patterns



### I. Course information

<b>Professor</b>	Brendon Larson, Ph.D.	<u>Office</u> : EV2 2016
<b>Contact</b>	Email is the best way to contact me: blarson "at" uwaterloo.ca	
<b>Office hrs</b>	Prior to field trip: TBD. After the trip: TBD. Or by appointment (send email via LEARN). <u>Office</u> : EV2-2016.	
<b>Graduate T.A.</b>	TBD. If you have any questions about grading prior to the field component of our course, please contact your TA.	
<b>LEARN</b>	Lessons, readings, quizzes, discussion forums, dropboxes	
<b>Course conflicts</b>	If our mandatory field trip from June 17-25 conflicts with another course of yours, you must obtain a signature from the other instructor on a "resolution of conflict form" (posted in LEARN) in order to accompany us.	
<b>Course readings</b>	Williams, E.H. 2005. <i>The Nature Handbook: A Guide to Observing the Great Outdoors</i> . New York: Oxford U. Press. [Available at the bookstore for ~\$25]	
	Two other mandatory journal articles (available on LEARN, see reference details on p. 2): Fleischner 2005, Willson and Armesto 2006.	

Additional texts/equipment: I will ask you to sign out pertinent books from the Ecology Lab (thanks to WESEF) prior to our trip (in addition to any others you want to bring).

## II. Course overview

ERS283 is a study of natural history, which may be broadly defined as the observational study of the natural world. This doesn't have much to do with how we normally think of history, because "history" in this context retains its archaic meaning of "description" or "analytic inquiry." It follows that a naturalist (someone who does natural history) is someone who "studies the world by observing plants and animals directly (Bartholomew 1986, p. 326)." By studying nature carefully over a period of time, naturalists obtain a general knowledge of local biodiversity.

While some biologists might denigrate natural history as a form of inquiry, many increasingly recognize its importance (e.g., Bartholomew 1986; Noss 1996; Dayton 2003; Greene 2005). Natural history undergirds the search for general ecological and evolutionary theories; as such, it has been characterized as the search for order in nature (Farber 2000). Darwin himself is often considered an eminent natural historian because he built careful observations of organisms in nature into a general theory of evolution. Natural history also provides critical knowledge for applied conservation and management because these often rely as much on observing the specifics of locales and their species as on general theories. And perhaps most important of all, naturalists can share their knowledge and appreciation with others, thereby promoting conservation values within society. Many of us who have an interest in biology and/or the environment have encountered an inspiring naturalist in our lives.

The practice of natural history develops a sensitivity to organisms in nature. In this sense, people have always done it because it is simply "a practice of intentional, focused attentiveness and receptivity to the more-than-human world (Fleischner 2005, p. 10)." Unfortunately, it is not something that most of us practice very often.

In ERS283, you should develop an appreciation for Ontario's natural history through first-hand exploration of biodiversity and the lives of other species. During the first six weeks of the course, you will read chapters from our textbook on natural history "patterns" and complete associated assignments and quizzes on a weekly basis on LEARN. You will also prepare for your field project on "pollination" with several readings. During the second part of the course, we will reside together in an Ontario biodiversity hotspot for an eight-day period so that you can apply what you've learned and conduct your project. The course will be held from June 17-25 at the Bluewater Outdoor Education Center (near Wiarton, Ontario), which will provide a base for excursions into the extensive, beautiful, and bio-diverse area at the tip of the Bruce Peninsula.

Bartholomew, G.A. 1986. The role of natural history in contemporary biology. *BioScience* **36**: 324-329.

Dayton, P.K. 2003. The importance of the natural sciences to conservation. *American Naturalist* **162**: 1-13.

Farber, P.L. 2000. *Finding Order in Nature: The Naturalist Tradition from Linnaeus to E.O. Wilson*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press.

Fleischner, T.L. 2005. Natural history and the deep roots of resource management. *Natural Resources Journal* **45**: 1-13.

Greene, H.W. 2005. Organisms in nature as a central focus for biology. *Trends in Ecology and Evolution* **20**: 23-27.

Noss, R.F. 1996. The naturalists are dying off. *Conservation Biology* **10**: 1-3.

Willson, M.F. and J.J. Armesto. 2006. Is natural history really dead? Toward the rebirth of natural history. *Revista Chilena de Historia Natural* **79**: 279-283.

### III. Important course dates

Return forms (including “resolution of conflict”)

Monday, May 23 *by email*

**\*\*\*Sign out equipment at the Ecology Lab prior to departure (details TBD)\*\*\***

Depart for Cabot Head

Friday, June 17, 12:30pm (after lunch)

Return to Waterloo

Saturday, June 25, ~5 pm

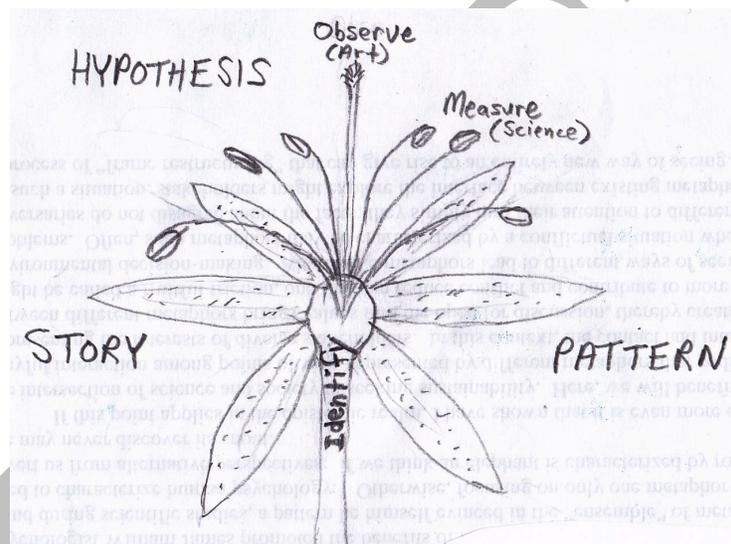
Email ‘observation summary’ to Dr. Larson

Thursday, June 30, 11:55 pm

Final project (due in LEARN)

Friday, July 18, 11:55 pm

### IV. Course learning outcomes



By the end of this course, you should be able to do the following (our course learning outcomes):

- 1) **recognize, describe and explain** common ecological, behavioral and taxonomic patterns in the natural world;
- 2) **apply** taxonomic principles and **use** keys to **discriminate** among species;
- 3) **carefully observe and evaluate** an ecological relationship, the pollination mutualism, **using** appropriate methods of natural history **inquiry**.

The image of a flower above presents these learning outcomes visually, showing how identification allows a melding of observation and science in the interest of interpreting broader patterns, which you might think of as stories about the natural world or even as scientific hypotheses (see Willson and Armesto 2006).

Ultimately, I would like this course to provide a building block for your life-long love of learning about the place(s) where you live and their inhabitants. It is meant to instill a sense of appreciation and knowledge of *how* to inquire that you can apply anywhere. The course will help create a basis for subsequent inquiry within nearly any realm of nature study from art to biological science.

I have designed the course so that our learning outcomes align with teaching and learning activities (both prior to and during the field portion), and with course assessment, as follows:

Learning outcome (above)	Teaching and learning activities before the field (largely online)	Teaching and learning activities in the field	Assessment methods
1.	-Course textbook and readings -LEARN discussion forum -LEARN lessons	-Group hikes -Individual exploration	-LEARN quizzes -LEARN discussion forum -Field quizzes
2.	-LEARN lessons	-Group hikes -Taxonomic tutorials -Project with partner	-LEARN quizzes -Field quizzes
3.	-Course textbook -Assigned readings	-Project with partner -Meetings with professor -Group meetings	-Informal presentations -Final paper

## V. Course activities prior to our field trip

Our course textbook is a pleasure to read and previous students in ERS283 thoroughly enjoyed it. The following table outlines weekly readings and activities prior to our field trip.

Week starting ...	Textbook readings	Other readings/ activities	Quiz and forum posting due on LEARN ...
May 2	Introduction	<b>**Syllabus**</b> ; Fleischner 2005	N/A
May 9	Chapter 1, <i>Plants</i> – Flowers and seeds Chapter 2, <i>Trees</i>		May 15 @ 11:55 pm
May 16	Chapter 3, Plant features ( <i>not</i> 3.14,15) Chapter 4, <i>Animals</i> – Color and pattern	Trees and plant families (LEARN); Willson and Armesto 2006	May 22 @ 11:55 pm
May 23	Chapter 5, Ecology and behavior Chapter 6, Birds	Bird songs (LEARN)	May 29 @ 11:55 pm
May 30	Chapter 7, Insects Chapter 9, <i>Habitats</i> – Forests ( <i>not</i> 9.1,2,16,17)	Common insect orders (LEARN)	June 5 @ 11:55 pm (longer quiz)
June 6	Chapter 10, Fields and meadows Chapter 12, Water and wetlands ( <i>not</i> 12.12, 12.13)	Keying assignment (LEARN)	June 12 @ 11:55 pm
June 13	N.A. (though you should be reading/reviewing for upcoming quiz!)	Pollination readings (LEARN)	Quiz at Cabot Head on Saturday, June 18

You'll demonstrate what you're learning and thinking about each week in the two following ways:

1. An open-book quiz. I will post this quiz on LEARN at noon on Thursday each week. It will include multiple-choice, matching, fill-in-the-blank, and occasionally short-answer questions. You will have one hour to complete the quiz and it will be due on Sunday night at 11:55pm (so begin it by Sunday at 11pm). You must complete it on your own (see section on "academic integrity" below).

2. A posting in our LEARN discussion forum. For this assignment, which is limited to 250 words, you must share a personal experience of yours that relates to a pattern you read about in one of the sections in the text during the week (and please indicate which section). For example, I might write about my research with buzz-pollination by bumblebees in the Muskoka region (corresponding to section 1.1 in text), or about what my daughter and I learned by watching Californian scrub jays hide the peanuts we fed them each morning (section 1.10). For this component, I'd like you to demonstrate precisely how your experience relates to and perhaps expands upon the particular pattern and clearly and convincingly convey your experience with as much detail and visual imagery as you can. Please see "model response" and rubric on LEARN.

## VI. Your course project

Your major project will concern the relationship between a flowering plant species and its insect visitors and pollinators. There are five main reasons for this focus:

- First, this topic integrates what you'll learn about both insects and plants during the course—as well as patterns related to their ecological interaction (specifically, the first pattern discussed in your textbook, the implicit "pollination syndromes" discussed on p. 2).
- Second, based on my experience guiding student projects in ERS283 for more than a decade, it is much more feasible to investigate interesting patterns for this topic during our relatively short time in the field than many other topics that we've tried. Furthermore, we gain some efficiencies with this common focus so that we have plenty of time to explore other aspects of natural history at the northern tip of the Bruce Peninsula.
- Third, different student projects are quite equitable if they each concern the common theme of pollination, not least because I can give "mini-lectures" on different pertinent themes.
- Fourth, I have particular expertise in the study of pollination biology, so I can guide your projects effectively.
- Fifth, and perhaps most important, based on previous experience I am convinced that you will have a lot of fun observing the role of insects in the sex lives of plants.

If you remain unconvinced and are really keen to develop your own project, please email me.

In the two weeks prior to the field component of the course, you will prepare for the course project with a few assigned readings, which will be covered in a quiz on Saturday, June 18. By then, I will have a better sense of what will be flowering during our visit this year (because it varies from year to year depending on the weather). Thus, that same day, we will determine who will study which plant species, and I will provide you with a specific reading (or readings) concerning your species to help initiate your project. I will also provide a common protocol that you can use to answer some basic questions about your plant and its pollinators. However, this will just be the basis for "creative" directions you may take. Further details t.b.d.

You will do your major project with a partner because this will i) provide safety in the outdoors, ii) allow you to bounce ideas off one another, and iii) simplify your monitoring—as a team—of the plants' pollinators. You will also meet with me regularly and obtain input from your classmates, who will be addressing related questions. You will share an 'observation summary' about a week after we return to Waterloo and your final paper, 12 pages in length, will be due a few weeks later.

## VII. Daily schedule during our field trip

Prior to the trip, I will distribute a detailed document outlining what you need to bring on the course, community rules, cooking arrangements, and other information. I will also provide a detailed itinerary, which will include a few excursions together. During the first half of our trip (Saturday through Tuesday), you will spend time getting to know the area and in lectures/discussions/activities about taxonomic groups (birds, plants and insects, in particular), as well as developing your project, but the focus will fully shift towards your project in the second half of the trip.

We will get an early start each day, reaching a waking time of ~5am on at least one morning to go bird-watching (birds rise early). We will go for hikes together on several mornings to orient and to observe patterns in nature. There will be break time at each meal (breakfast around 7am, lunch at noon and dinner at about 5pm). Quiet lights-out time will begin at 9pm.

## VIII. Course grading scheme

### Prior to trip to Bruce Peninsula

- 10% LEARN *discussion forum posts* (5 @ 2% each). See above, and the rubric on LEARN. Please post directly into LEARN (rather than as a Word document).
- 10% *Participation*. I really value your enthusiasm and participation. Thus, I assume that you will attend all class activities unless we have agreed otherwise in advance. Your grade here will be based on your positive contributions to the group and everyone's ability to learn, passion for your project (including informal group presentations about it), and keen participation in learning about natural history. You must also submit your 'observation summary' sheet on time.
- 20% *Pre-trip quizzes* (5 quizzes in LEARN @ 4% each). These are "open-book" quizzes.

### On the Bruce Peninsula

- 10% *Arrival quiz*. On Saturday, June 18, you will be quizzed on the basics of pollination biology (from assigned readings the previous week), as well as the names and diagnostic features/structures of insect orders, plant families, and tree species (i.e., review of material tested in earlier quizzes in LEARN). This is a "closed-book" quiz.
- 25% *Field "practical."* On Friday, June 24, you will be tested on your ability to identify bird songs, insect orders, plant families, and tree species (including diagnostic features). I will provide further details beforehand. This is a "closed-book" bell-ringer quiz.

### After our return from the Bruce Peninsula

- 25% *Final paper on your course project*. Further details and a rubric will be provided. Note that you must submit a "group assignment disclosure" (available in LEARN).

## IX. Course policies

This syllabus is a contract between us, so you must abide by the policies and schemes laid out here (as will I, for my part). If you have any questions or concerns, please speak with me as soon as possible.

### Academic integrity and offences

In order to maintain a culture of academic integrity, members of the University of Waterloo community are expected to promote honesty, trust, fairness, respect and responsibility (<http://uwaterloo.ca/academicintegrity/Students/index.html>). You are expected to know what constitutes academic integrity, to avoid committing academic offences, and to take responsibility for your actions. If you are unsure whether an action constitutes an offence, or need help in learning how to avoid offences (e.g., plagiarism, cheating) or about “rules” for group work/collaboration, please complete the tutorial at <http://www.lib.uwaterloo.ca/ait> and come and talk with me. *Note, in particular, that the LEARN quizzes must represent your own work. If you wish to quote material in your assignments, you must place it in quotation marks (or paraphrase it in your own words) and cite the source; otherwise, it would be plagiarism.*

When misconduct has been detected, disciplinary penalties will be imposed under Policy 71 – Student Discipline (<http://www.adm.uwaterloo.ca/infosec/Policies/policy71.htm>). For information on categories of offences and types of penalties, refer to Policy 71. Within the Faculty of Environment, those committing academic offences (e.g. cheating, plagiarism) will be placed on disciplinary probation and will be subject to penalties that may include a grade of 0 on affected course elements, 0 on the course, suspension, or expulsion.

### AccessAbility

AccessAbility Services (<https://uwaterloo.ca/accessability-services>), located in Needles Hall – Room 1132, collaborates with all academic departments to arrange appropriate accommodations for students with disabilities without compromising the academic integrity of the curriculum. If you require academic accommodations to lessen the impact of your disability, please register with AccessAbility Services at the beginning of the academic term.

### Appeals and grievance

A decision made or penalty imposed under Policy 70 - Student Petitions and Grievances (other than a petition) or Policy 71 – (Student Discipline) may be appealed if there is a ground. A student who believes he/she has a ground for an appeal should refer to Policy 72 (Student Appeals) [www.adm.uwaterloo.ca/infosec/Policies/policy72.htm](http://www.adm.uwaterloo.ca/infosec/Policies/policy72.htm)

A student who believes that a decision affecting some aspect of his/her university life has been unfair or unreasonable may have grounds for initiating a grievance. See Policy 70 - Student Petitions and Grievances, Section 4, [www.adm.uwaterloo.ca/infosec/Policies/policy70.htm](http://www.adm.uwaterloo.ca/infosec/Policies/policy70.htm). When in doubt please contact your Undergraduate Advisor.

### Assignment submission

Assignments must be submitted using LEARN by 11:55pm on the due date (see above). I will only accept late assignments/projects/quizzes if you arrange late submission with me at least three days in advance of the due date (or if you have a doctor's note or documented family emergency). Otherwise, your grade will be 0.

Each of your assignments must be double-spaced with Times New Roman font and have 1" margins all around, page numbers in the bottom right corner, and your name in the top right corner of p. 1. I will expect you to have thoroughly proof-read them so that they are free of typos and major errors; I strongly encourage you to have a close and trusted friend edit your final paper before you submit.

### Field trip guidelines

For the Faculty of Environment field trip guidelines, please see <https://uwaterloo.ca/environment/faculty-staff/policies-procedures-terms-reference/field-trip-and-field-work-guidelines>.

### Intellectual property

Students should be aware that this course contains the intellectual property (IP) of their instructor, TA, and/or the University of Waterloo. Course materials and the IP contained therein are used to enhance a student's educational experience. However, sharing this IP without the intellectual property owner's permission is a violation of IP rights. For this reason, it is necessary to ask the instructor, TA and/or the University of Waterloo for permission before uploading and sharing the IP of others online (e.g., to an online repository). Permission from an instructor, TA or the University is also necessary before sharing the IP of others from completed courses with students taking the same/similar courses in subsequent terms/years. Please alert the instructor if you become aware of IP belonging to others (past or present) circulating, either through the student body or online. The IP owner deserves to know (and may have given consent).

**Mental health**

Along with the University of Waterloo and the Faculty of Environment and its Departments, I consider your well-being to be extremely important. We recognize that many students face health challenges, physical and/or emotional. *Please note that help is available.* Mental health is a serious issue for everyone and can affect your ability to do your best work. Counselling Services ([www.uwaterloo.ca/counselling-services](http://www.uwaterloo.ca/counselling-services)) is an inclusive, non-judgmental, and confidential space for anyone to seek support. They offer confidential counselling for a variety of areas including anxiety, depression, grief, relationship issues, sexuality, stress management, substance use, and much more.

**Religious observances**

Please email me at the beginning of term if you require special accommodation for religious observances that are not otherwise accounted for in the scheduling of classes and assignments.

**Turnitin**

Text matching software (Turnitin®) may be used to screen assignments in this course. Turnitin® is used to verify that all materials and sources in assignments are documented. Students' submissions are stored on a U.S. server, and are subject to the USA PATRIOT ACT, 2001; therefore, students must be given an alternative (e.g., scaffolded assignment or annotated bibliography) if they are concerned about their privacy and/or security. Students will be due notice, in the first week of the term and/or at the time assignment details are provided, about arrangements and alternatives for the use of Turnitin® in this course. Alternate Declaration in an email to me by Friday, May 20, 2022, 11:55pm.

**Unclaimed assignments**

Unclaimed assignments will be retained until one month after term grades become official in Quest. After that time, they will be destroyed in compliance with UW's confidential shredding procedures.

**Weather contingency plan**

In past years, we have typically had at least a few rainy days in the field. Thus, we all need to be flexible and our itinerary is subject to change. I may need to make quick adjustments to our plan, for example to take advantage of good weather, and I will communicate such changes to you as soon as possible. If we have a lot of rain, it may even be necessary to adjust the contours of your course project, though I do my best to select potential projects that are relatively immune to fickle weather.

**Writing**

The Writing and Communication Centre (WCC) works with students as they develop their ideas, draft, and revise. Writing and communication specialists offer one-on-one support in planning assignments, synthesizing and citing research, organizing papers and reports, designing presentations and e-portfolios, and revising for clarity and coherence. You can make multiple appointments throughout the term, or you can drop in at the Library for quick questions or feedback. To book a 25- or 50-minute appointment and to see drop-in hours, visit [uwaterloo.ca/wcc](http://uwaterloo.ca/wcc).