Material Safety Data Sheet
Reagent alcohol (denatured ethanol)

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name:
Reagent alcohol (denatured ethanol)

Catalog Numbers:
LC22200

Synonyms:

Company Identification:
LabChem, Inc.
200 William Pitt Way
Pittsburgh, PA 15238

Company Phone Number:
(412) 826-5230

Emergency Phone Number:
(800) 424-9300

CHEMTREC Phone Number:
(800) 424-9300

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Chemical Name:</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>Ethyl alcohol</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>Methyl alcohol</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Appearance: Clear, colorless solution

Danger! Flammable liquid. Flash Point: 57°F. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Causes severe eye irritation. May cause respiratory and digestive tract irritation. May cause skin irritation. May cause central nervous system depression. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause reproductive and fetal effects.

Target Organs: Kidneys, central nervous system, liver.

Potential Health Effects

Eye:
Causes irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury. Vapors may cause eye irritation. May cause painful sensitization to light.

Skin:
May cause skin irritation. Prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause irritation and/or dermatitis. Exposure may cause irritation characterized by redness, dryness, and inflammation.
Ingestion:
May cause irritation of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include headache, excitement, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, stupor, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. May cause systemic toxicity with acidosis. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea.

Inhalation:
Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma.

Chronic:
Chronic inhalation and ingestion may cause effects similar to those of acute inhalation and ingestion. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting and dermatitis. Denatured ethanol is associated with respiratory irritation, central nervous system depression, visual impairment, dermatitis, conjunctivitis, sensory and motor impairment.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes:
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids until chemical is gone. Get medical aid at once.

Skin:
Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing to reduce further exposure. Rinse area with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Methanol is readily absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion:
Give conscious victim 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid at once. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, keep head lower than hips to prevent aspiration into lungs. Medical personnel may remove the alcohol through gastric lavage with water or 3-5% sodium bicarbonate solution unless 2 hours or more have elapsed since ingestion.

Inhalation:
Get medical aid at once. Move victim to fresh air immediately. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Keep victim warm, at rest.

Notes to Physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information:
Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat and/or fire. As in any fire, wear a self-contained Breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Flammable liquid. Vapor-air mixtures are explosive at temperatures above the flashpoint. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Move container if possible; avoid breathing vapors or dust.

Extinguishing Media:
For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

Autoignition Temperature:
Not applicable.
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Flash Point:
57°F (14°C)

NFPA Rating:
- CAS# 64-17-5 health-0; flammability-3; reactivity-0
- CAS# 67-56-1 health-1; flammability-3; reactivity-0
- CAS# 67-63-0 health-1; flammability-3; reactivity-0

Explosion Limits:
Lower: 4.3 Upper: 19

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information:
Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks:
Wear a self contained breathing apparatus and appropriate Personal protection. (See Exposure Controls, Personal Protection section). Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb spill using an absorbent, non-combustible material such as earth, sand, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite, or other suitable absorbent. Label reclaimed spill material as flammable.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling:
Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Avoid contact with heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage:
Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Vapors heavier than air, may travel considerable distance and ignite or explode.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:
Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product. Ventilation equipment must be explosion-proof.

Exposure Limits:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>NIOSH</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl alcohol</td>
<td>1000 ppm TWA</td>
<td>1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA</td>
<td>1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl alcohol</td>
<td>200 ppm TWA; 250 ppm STEL; skin - potential for ppm STEL cutaneous absorption</td>
<td>200 ppm TWA; 250 ppm STEL</td>
<td>200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>200 ppm TWA; 500 ppm STEL</td>
<td>400 ppm TWA; 500 ppm STEL</td>
<td>400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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OSHA Vacated PELs:

Ethyl alcohol: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m³ TWA
Methyl alcohol: 200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m³ TWA
Isopropyl alcohol: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m³ TWA

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes:
Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA’s eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin:
Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing:
Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators:

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Clear liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Colorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Alcohol-like</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No information found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>40 mm Hg @ 20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>No information found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>No information found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>172°F (77.78°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing/Melting Point</td>
<td>-172°F (-113.33°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature</td>
<td>No information found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in water</td>
<td>Soluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity/Density</td>
<td>0.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Formula</td>
<td>No information found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Weight</td>
<td>No information found.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability:
Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid:
High temperatures, incompatible materials, ignition sources, excess heat.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials:
Permonsulfuric acid, potassium hypobromite, bromine trifluoride, nitrosyl and nitril perchlorate, hydrogen peroxides, bromoform, chloroform, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, sulfur dichloride, bromine, acetic acid, platinum, sodium hypiodide, thiotriazyl perchlorate, hexachloroamine, thioglycol, trichloromelamine, chromium trioxide, chromic anhydride, potassium t-butoxide, potassium bichromate, chromyl chloride, acetyl chloride, acetyl bromide, bromine pentafluoride, permanganic acid, potassium dioxide, hydrogen peroxide/sulfuric acid mixtures, ammonium hydroxide/silver oxide mixtures, hydrogen peroxide/iodide/phosphorous mixtures, silver nitrate, silver/nitric acid mix forms explosive compounds, strong oxidizing agents, alkali metals.
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Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization:
Has not been reported

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS:
CAS# 64-17-5: KQ6300000.
CAS# 67-56-1: PC1400000.
CAS# 67-63-0: NT8050000.

LD50/LC50:
CAS# 64-17-5:
Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 39 gm/m3/4H
Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 20000 ppm/10H
Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3450 mg/kg
Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 6300 mg/kg
Oral, rat: LD50 = 7060 mg/kg.
CAS# 67-56-1:
Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 64000 ppm/4H
Oral, mouse: LD50 = 7300 mg/kg
Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 14200 mg/kg
Oral, rat: LD50 = 5628 mg/kg
Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 15800 mg/kg.
CAS# 67-63-0:
Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3600 mg/kg
Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 6410 mg/kg
Oral, rat: LD50 = 5045 mg/kg
Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 12800 mg/kg.

Carcinogenicity:
CAS# 64-17-5: Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, OSHA, or CA Prop 65.
CAS# 67-56-1: Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, OSHA, or CA Prop 65.
CAS# 67-63-0: IARC: Group 3 (not classifiable as to carcinogenicity)

Epidemiology:
Prenatal exposure to ethanol is associated with a distinct pattern of congenital malformations that have collectively been termed the “fetal alcohol syndrome”. Among the characteristics of this syndrome are intrauterine and postnatal growth deficiency, a distinctive pattern of physical malformation, and behavioral/cognitive impairment such as fine motor dysfunction and mental retardation. Not all affected children have all of the features of the syndrome. Central Nervous System depressant. Alcohol component enhances effect.

Teratogenicity:
No information found.

Reproductive:
No information found.

Mutagenicity:
No information found.

Neurotoxicity:
No information found.
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Section 12 - Ecological Information
No information found.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations
Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

US DOT
Shipping Name: Ethanol Solution
Hazard Class: 3
UN Number: UN1170
Packing Group: PG II

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US Federal
TSCA:
CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on the TSCA Inventory.
CAS# 67-56-1 is listed on the TSCA Inventory.
CAS# 67-63-0 is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

SARA Reportable Quantities (RQ):
CAS# 67-56-1: final RQ = 5000 pounds (2270 kg)

CERCLA/SARA Section 313:
This material contains Methyl alcohol (CAS# 67-56-1, 5%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373. This material contains Isopropyl alcohol (CAS# 67-63-0, 5%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.

OSHA - Highly Hazardous:
None of the components are on this list.

US State
State Right to Know:
Ethyl alcohol can be found on the following state Right-to-Know lists: California, New Jersey, Florida, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.
Methyl alcohol can be found on the following state Right-to-Know lists: California, New Jersey, Florida, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.
Isopropyl alcohol can be found on the following state Right-to-Know lists: California, New Jersey, Florida, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

California Regulations:
None Listed.
European/International Regulations

Canadian DSL/NDSL:
- CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List.
- CAS# 67-56-1 is listed on Canada's DSL List.
- CAS# 67-63-0 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada Ingredient Disclosure List:
- CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List.
- CAS# 67-56-1 is listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List.
- CAS# 67-63-0 is listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List.

Section 16 - Other Information

MSDS Creation Date: October 1, 1998
Revision Date: August 7, 2008

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