1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Code 41200

Trade Name MICROPOSIT S1805 PHOTO RESIST

Manufacturer/Supplier Shipley Company Address 455 Forest St.

Marlborough, Massachusetts 01752

 Phone Number
 (508) 481-7950

 Emergency Phone Number
 (508) 481-7950

 Chemtrec #
 (800) 424-9300

 MSDS first issued
 2 July 1996

 MSDS data revised
 11 June 1998

 Prepared By:
 Amy C. Nichols

Local Sales Company Shipley Company, 455 Forest Street, Marlboro, MA 01752

(508-481-7950)

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON THE INGREDIENTS

Components in Product

Component NameCAS# / CodesConcentrationDiazo Photoactive Compound1.00 - 10.00Fluoroaliphatic Polymer Esters0.01 - 1.00Mixed cresol novolak resin10.00 - 20.00Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate108-65-681.00 - 86.00eresol1319-77-30.01 - 0.99

3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Main Hazards - Irritant - Combustible - Nervous System - Skin - Eye - Kidney -

Liver

Routes of Entry Inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact, absorption.

Carcinogenic Status Not considered carcinogenic by NTP, IARC and OSHA

Target Organs - Nervous System - Skin - Eye - Liver - Kidney

Health Effects - Eyes Liquid or vapor may cause pain, transient irritation and superficial

corneal effects.

Health Effects - SkinMaterial may cause slight irritation on prolonged or repeated contact.

Repeated and/or prolonged contact may lead to: - drowsiness - liver

damage - kidney damage

Health Effects - Ingestion A large dose may have the following effects:

- drowsiness - liver damage - kidney damage

Health Effects - Inhalation Exposure to vapor at high concentrations may have the following

effects:

- irritation of nose, throat and respiratory tract - liver damage - kidney

damage

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid - Eyes Immediately flush the eye with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes, holding the eye open. Obtain medical attention if soreness

or redness persists.

First Aid - Skin Wash skin with water. Obtain medical attention if blistering occurs or

redness persists.

First Aid - Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Obtain medical attention.

First Aid - Inhalation Remove from exposure. If there is difficulty in breathing, give

oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

Advice to Physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Keep

containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures This product may give rise to hazardous vapors in a fire. Vapors can

travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and result in

flashback.

Unusual Fire & Explosion

Hazards

Pressure may build up in closed containers with possible liberation of

combustible vapors.

Protective Equipment for Fire-

Fighting

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Procedures Contain and absorb using earth, sand or other inert material.

Transfer into suitable containers for recovery or disposal. Finally

flush area with plenty of water.

Personal Precautions Wear appropriate protective clothing. Wear respiratory protection.

Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Environmental Precautions Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Use local exhaust ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and

clothing. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Storage Store in original containers. Store away from sources of heat or

ignition. Storage area should be:

- cool - dry - well ventilated - out of direct sunlight

Other

Proprietary photoresist film contains approximately 2-4% of 2,3,4-trihydroxybenzophenone(THBP), which may sublime during soft-bake or hard-bake processing. THBP has low acute toxicity (LD50>5g/kg). Contact with eyes, skin or mucous membranes cause irritation.

To prevent accumulation of THBP on equipment surfaces and ventilation ducts, preventative maintenance program including regular cleaning should be implemented. Wipe surfaces using an appropriate cleaning solvent when possible. Provide adequate general or local exhaust ventilation during the cleaning process. In situations where this is not possible or where solvent or dust concentrations become excessive, use an air purifying respirator with an organic vapor/toxic particulate cartridge. When cleaning residual THBP, wear protective gloves and adequate protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Practice good personal hygiene to prevent accidental exposure. Clean all protective clothing and equipment thoroughly after each use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Standards

Electronic grade propylene Manufacturer recommends 30ppm 8h TWA and 90ppm 15 min

glycol monomethyl ether acetate STEL.

cresol ACGIH: TLV 5ppm (22mg/m3) 8h TWA. OSHA: PEL 5ppm

(22mg/m3) 8h TWA. UK EH40: OES 5ppm (22mg/m3) 8h TWA. Can

be absorbed through skin.

Engineering Control Measures Engineering methods to prevent or control exposure are preferred.

Methods include process or personnel enclosure, mechanical ventilation (local exhaust), and control of process conditions.

Respiratory Protection Respiratory protection if there is a risk of exposure to high vapor

concentrations. The specific respirator selected must be based on the airborne concentration found in the workplace and must not

exceed the working limits of the respirator.

Hand ProtectionButyl rubber gloves.Eye ProtectionChemical goggles.Body ProtectionNormal work wear.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Viscous liquid

Color Red
Odor Sweet
VOC (g/l) 839.80
Specific Gravity 1.010
pH Neutral
Boiling Range/Point (°C/F) 145.8/295

Flash Point (PMCC) (°C/F) 40.5-46.1 / 105-115

Explosion Limits (%) Lower limit 1.5 at 20 °C. Upper limit 7.0 at 20 C..

Solubility in Water Insoluble.

Vapor Density (Air = 1) Heavier than air.

Evaporation Rate Slower than ether

Vapor Pressure Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate: 3.7 mmHg at 20 °C.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid - High temperatures - Static discharge

Incompatibilities - Oxidizing agents
Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Combustion will generate:

- carbon monoxide - Carbon Dioxide - phenols - toxic fluorine compounds - aldehydes - oxides of nitrogen - acrid smoke and

irritating fumes

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Data Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate: Oral LD50 (rat)

8532mg/kg. Dermal LD50 (rabbit) 5000mg/kg.

Chronic/Subchronic Data No data.

Genotoxicity It was not mutagenic when tested in bacterial or mammalian

systems.

Reproductive/Developmental Developmental effects were seen in laboratory animals only at dose

Toxicity levels that were maternally toxic.

Additional Data None known.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate: Koc is 0 - 50.

Persistence/Degradability The product is partially or slowly biodegradable. BOD20 greater than

40%

Bio-accumulation No data.

Ecotoxicity The product is rated as practically non-toxic to aquatic species.

Tests on the following species gave a LC50 of 161mg/litre: - fathead

minnows

Tests on the following species gave a LC50 of 408mg/litre: - daphnia

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product Disposal Incineration is the recommended method of disposal. Dispose of in

accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

Container Disposal Labels should not be removed from containers until they have been

cleaned. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues.

Dispose of containers with care.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Ground: Not Regulated per 49 CFR 173.150(f)(2)

UN Proper Shipping Name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
UN Class (3) Flammable Liquid

UN Number UN1993 UN Packaging Group III

N.O.S. 1: Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate

N.O.S. 2:

Subsidiary Risks None.

ADR/RID Substance CLASS 3 - 31(c)

Identification Number

CERCLA RQ Cresol (100#)

Marine Pollutant No.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Listed Yes

TSCA Exemptions

WHMIS Classification D.2.B B.3

MA Right To Know Law All components have been checked for inclusion on the

Massachusetts Substance List (MSL). Those components present at the de minimus concentration have been identified in the hazardous

ingredients section of the MSDS.

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain materials which the State of California

has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

SARA TITLE III-Section 311/312

Immediate, delayed, flammability hazard

Categorization (40 CFR 370) SARA TITLE III-Section 313 (40

This product does not contain a chemical which is listed in Section

CFR 372)

313 at or above de minimis concentrations.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating- FIRE 2
NFPA Rating- HEALTH 2
NFPA Rating- REACTIVITY 0
NFPA Rating- SPECIAL None.

Revisions Highlighted Flash Point (PMCC) (°C/F)

Abbreviations CAS#: Chemical Abstract Services Number

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

NTP: National Toxicology Program

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

R: Risk

S: Safety

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

BOD: Biological Oxygen Demand

Koc: Soil Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient.

TLm: Median Tolerance Limit

Disclaimer

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