MINUTES

OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE of the Non-resistant Relief Organization, held in the Wideman Church, Markhan, April 8 th, 1919.

Members present as follows-: L. J. Burkholder, Samuel Goudie, D. W. Heise, Thos Reesor, S. F. Coffman, Chris Gasho, J. R. Bender, Chris Shultz, and L. B. Heise. Eld Samuel Goudie in the Chair.

The meeting was ####### opened by singing, and prayer by several Brethern.

- (1) The Minutes of the Oct, 30 th, 1918. And Jany 7 th, 1919 Meetings were read, and no objections having offered were declared approved.
- (2) Letters from David Bergy, and C. N. Good, were read. In which regrets were expressed of their inability to be present, and wishing the blessing of God upon the meeting and its deliberations.
- (3) The Treasurer presented his Report of Receipts and expenditurs as follows-: Receipts of Expence Fund, \$ 435.96. Expenditurs, \$ 503.20. balance on hand, \$ 132.76. Memorial Fund Receipts, \$ 68,367,62. Expenditurs, \$ 60,005,50. balance on hand, \$3,362,12.
- (4) S. F. Coffman, secd by L. B. Heise, moves that the Report be accepted. The Motion was Carried.
- (5) The secretary read an appeal from the Canadian Serbian Relief Committee, asking for consideration in a financial way on the part of this organization. After some discussion, J. L. Burkholder, seed by J. R. Bender, that, \$ 8,000,00. be appropriated to the said Committee. The Motion found unanimous favor.
- (6) D. W. Heise, secd by J. R. Bender, moves that, S. F. Coffman, be authorized to collect, and compile data, and information relative to the experience of our younf men who were called up for duty under the Military Service Act, etc 1917, and also that of those who took an active interest on behalf of these Boys during the trying times of the past summer. And further, that search be made concerning Imperial enactments that may have been made in years past for the special protection of Non-resistant religious bodies.
- (7) L. J. Burkholder, secd by L. B. Heise, moved in ammendment, that Samuel Goudie, and D. W. Heise be associated with Bro Coffman in this work. The ammendment was carried, after which the originnal motion as emmended was sustained.
- (8) The meeting was moved to adjourn for lunch.

AFTER NOON MEETING

- (9) L. J. Burkholder, secd by D. W. Heise, moves that, members of this organization comming by Train to attend meetings of the Body, shall have their R. R. Fair paid from the expence fund of the organization. The Motion Carried.
- (10) S. F. Coffman, secd bt J. R. Bender moves that this Body RE-organize. Carried.
- (11) S. F. Coffman, secd by J. R. Bender, moves that, the membership, and Officers of the organization as they now stand, shall continue for the ensueing year, This actio to be subject to the approval of the various bodies represented in the organization. Motion Carried.
- (12) S. F. Coffman, secd by Chris Gasho, moves that the Executive Committee take ateps to ascertain avenues of usefulness for the purposes of this organization, and where the greatest needs may obtain. Motion Carried.
- (13) Motion to adjourn to meet again at the call of the shair was sustained.

Eld Samuel Goudie. Chairman.

D. W. Heise.
Secretary.

THE BETHESDA AND STOUFFVILLE TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED I cannot lay my hands on the Type covillen copy of these minutes and I think you may have stouffer a copy. I am however in closing This in case you have STOUFFVILLE, CANADA, NOV 19 Ht. 1919. ops 22-20 Muniles of Executive meeting N. P. P.O. Det Tuld in Widinan Church Wor 19-19

members all present. L. J B. iv Chair,

- maintes of Country of whole held Ap. 8th
- The chair asked for a report from the Treat which showed to bal on ruemorial fund of \$261100
- Vorrespondence from Res Mr pearce, and Win Branks. Representing the armeman Serviar Peluf Board, and Soldiers aid Commission respectfully
- H . & Gardie Seed & Gashs That the Seey , follow up the works of the Goldiers aid Commission, and learn if posseble how the douation of 15:000 of last spring is being Expended - carried -
 - 5. S. Gandie Seed by & Gashs. mons that a general appeal for relief works in Connection with Suffering and destituto Occasioned by the late war, be made forthwell to the Various branches of the Christian Church Coustiluting this orgaugalian, That Each branch be asked to coose and a multived that may bes best allapted to the conditions offairing in Each body to accomplish the object of this oppeal, That the appeal shall class, and all donations to be reported to the secy Treasurer ust laler than mar 1 1920,

THE BETHESDA AND STOUFFVILLE TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED

7

HEAD OFFICE:

STOUFFVILLE, CANADA,.....

101

It-was also decided that Each member of this County, ascertain if possible the amaurits of money raised by the Body They represent for charitable on benevolent purposes during 1919—

- 6. Thos Pressor Judired his resignation as Treasurer of this toganization, which on motion of & Godie Seed by & Gash was accepted,
- 7. De W treise. Seed by & Everdie moves
 Heat 1250 of the memorial fund be approoperiated to Each of the armenian and
 bervious Peluf work, and that the cheque iss
 we immediately card—
 - 8 Landie Lecolby C Goaho Envers That the Lecy also act as Tremourer for the remainder of organization year card
 - Thos Resson Seed by & Lander Euros to adjust to mut again at the case of

MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE NON-RESISTANT RELIEF ORGANIZATION.

Held in the City of Kitchener, April 13th, 1920.

Members present,

L. J. Burkholder, mSamuel Goudie, D. W. Heise, S. F. Coffman C. N. Good, E. Sievenpiper, Chr. Gascho, Reuben Heise, and L. B. Heise.

Meeting opened by invocation. Etc.

- (1) Minutes of last Annual Meeting were read and, on Motion, Approved.
- (2) Consoderable time was taken up with informal discussion, on various aspects of the work of the Organization.
- (3) S. F. Coffman, sconded b C. Gascho, moves that the Treasurer include in his financial report all funds for relief work contributed thru any other channels during the year, by the bodies represented in this organization., as submitted to him by the various Treasurers or other authorized persons. Carried.
- (4) Motion to adjourn for the noon hour was carried.

After-Noon Meeting.

- (3) S. F. Coffman, seconded by L. B. Heise, moves that the Treasurer's report be accepted and passed over to the Auditors. Carried.
- (4) The Committee appointed at the last annual Meeting for the purpose of compiling information and data relative to exemptions, reported no progress having been made.
- (5) It was decided that the Committee mentioned shall be retained for further effort along the lines indicated.
- (6) It was unanimously decided that the Organization should not disband at this time, but that it should be continued.
- (7) S. Goudie, seconded by S. F. C. ffman, moves that L. G. Burkholder continue the Chairman ship of the Organization Carried.
- (8) C. N. Good, seconded by D. W. Heise, moves that Samuel Goudie be Vice-Chairman. Garried.

- (9) C. N. Good, seconded by Chr. Gascho, Moves that S. F. Coffman be Secretary-Treasurer. Carried.
- (10) C. N. Good, seconded by R. Heise, moves that the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary-Treasurer, L. B. Heise, Chr. Gascho and Thos. Reesor constitute the Executive Board. - Carried.
- (11) Samuel Goudie, seconded by L. B. Heise, moves that William French and Reuben Heise act as Auditors. Carried.
- (12) It was decided that the following be recognized as Treasurers for the various bodied represented in this Organization, vis. C. N. Good, M. C. Cressman, N. M. Bearinger, Chr. Gascho and L. B. Heise.
- (13) The meeting was voted to adjourn.

L. J. Burkholder, Chairman.

D. W. Heise, Secretary. REPORT OF A CALLED MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE NON-RESISTANT RELIEF ORGANIZATION held at the Mennonite Home Mission, Danforth Ave., Toronto, December 5th, 1920, 2 o'clock P. M.

The meeting was called to order by the President, L. J. Burkholder, at 2.40 P. M.

The following members were present: - L. J. Burkholder, Samuel Goudie, S. F. Coffman, L. B. Heise and Chrostian Gascho. The following persons were present by invitation: - David Heise, Samueb Bender and Nelson Martin.

Moved by S. Goudie and Seconded by L. B. Heise, That the money on hand in the Treasury be used at once for relief work in China, subject to favorable guarantees for the distribution of funds.— Carried.

Moved by S. Goudie, Seconded by C. Gascho, That D. Heise shall see the proper persons as to securing guarantees for the distribution of relief funds in foreign lands and report to the Secretary. - Carried.

Owing to the absence of S. F. Coffman, D. Heise was elected Secretary, pro tem.

Moved by L. B. Heise, Seconded by S. Goudie, That an immediate general appeal be made to the congregations represented in this Organization on behalf of the famine sufferers in China, this to be done through circulars setting forth the facts, Etc.-, Carried.

Moved by L. B. Heise, Seconded by C. Gascho, That L. J. Burkholder and S. Goudie be a Committee to formulate a circular letter as above refered to, 3500 to be printed. - Carried.

Moved by S. Goudie, Seconded by L. B. Heise, to adjourn .- Carried.

S. F. Coffman, and D. Heise, Secretaries.

FINANCIAL REPORT OF

THE NON-RESISTANT RELIEF ORGANIZATION.

December 24, 1920.

1920	General Fund	
May 14	Received from former Treasurer, \$656.48	
	Balance of Relief Account, 2.09	
	Solomon Cober Contribution, 10.00	
	Fry Congregation, Armenian Fund. 47.00	
May 14	Transferred to Expense Account, \$ 89.00	
	D.Heise, Armenian Fund of Fry Congregation, 47.00	
May 25	Bank Exchange on Cheque, .65	
Dec.15	D. A. Cameron, for China famine relief, 575.00	
Dec. 24	Balance on hand, less interest, \$3.92	

Expense Fund.

may 14	Accerved from former freasurer,	89.00	
May 25	Cheques issued by former Treasurerm Ap	pr.16	\$11.53
June 1	John Sider, Expenses to camps		15.00
Decc.13	Corson & Son, Markham, Printing 3500 C	Circulars	33.48 \$ 59. 01 60.01
Dec. 24	Balance on hand	98 90	

S. F. Coffman, Sec. Treas.

Meeting of the Executive Committee of the Non-Resistant Relief Organizatio.

Held at the home of Brother J. L. Byer,

Markham Ontario, November, 30, 1921.

The meeting was called to order by the Chairman, L. J. Burkholder, at 9.30 A. M. The meeting was opened with prayer, led by Bro. S. Goudie.

Members present at this meeting, were, L. J. Burkholder, S. Goudie, L. B. Heise, Chr, Gascho, and Wm.M. McGuire, pastor at Stouffville who w was accorded the privileges of the meeting.

Moved by S. F. Coffman, Seconded by S. Goudie, that the Secretary seccure final data of contributions to China relief and include in report of t this meeting to the Executive Committee.

It was also suggested that a report of all relief, as far as pessible, should be secured.

Moved by S. Goudie, seconded by Chr. Gascho, That, in view of the situation in Russia, an appeal be made among our Non-resistant People for relief funds to aid the suffering brethren in that country.

It was suggested that 150 copies of this appeal should be distributed among the ministers of the several bodies.

Upon motion, it was decided that the expenses of Chr. Gascho and S. F. Coffman, in attending this meeting, be paid by the Organization.

Upon motion by S. F. Coffman, seconded by L. W. Heise, the meeting was adjourned. sine dit.

30 Copples marked for described to AN APPEALFOR THE RELIEF OF SUBJERING AMONG THE NON-RESISTANT BRETHREN IN SOUTH RUSSIA.

At a called meeting of the Executive Committee of the Mon-Resistant Relief Organization, held near Markham Ont. November Joth, it was decided to appeal to our Non-Resistant congregations to render aid to our suffering brethren in the districts of Southern Russia.

The Non-Resistant brethren in Russia prospered, enjoyed liberty of conscience and practiced their non-resistant faith under the former establish ed government. From the time the revolutionary movements began in that country they have suffered from all sources and at the hands of nearly all parties and from marauding bands. Their lands have been confiscated and their fproduce, implements and stock taken from them. They have been deprived of their household goods and clothing. They have suffere bodily harm and dishonor and some have suffered death at the hands of their foes

These brethren are in distressing circumstances. It is not now a time to sow and reap if they had the means to do so. All of Russia is in a famished condition, and in Russia there is no relief. Millions will die of starvation in spite of all the relief that can be sent to them. Many will perish for the lack of clothing and shelter. Russia's climate is much the same as ours. 100.000 Mennonites live in South Russia.

Until the present time no relief has reached our brethren in Russia. Former efforts to bring relief to them failed on account of the opposition of the Government in power. Their condition has grawn from bad to worse since the time the first relief was attempted.

The American Relief Commission, under the supervision of the U. S. Government, his secured permission from the Soveit Government in Russia to do relief work in that country. The Central Relief Committee, represent ing different branches of the Mennonite Church, and carrying on relief wor among fugitive Mennonites and Russians in Constantinople, has secured permission to do relief work in Southern Russia under and in connection with the American Relief Commission, and with the approval of the Russian Gov-ernment. This guarantees the safety of the workers and success to the work.

Money contributions are called for. Food will be purches in that Country from the American Relief Commission at about American prices, and forvarded as directed. One-fourth of the purchase money will be retained by the American Relief Commission for the relief of woemen and children in the American Relief Commission for the relief of the funds will be most needy circumstances in other districts. But all of the funds will be used to relieve suffering and saving precious lives. This is the most advantageous arrangement possible.

Remember the children, the people, the brethren for whom Christ died. Remember the bounties with which He has blessed us, and what He would have us do with His gifts under these circumstances. Remember our faithful stewardship. Remember the day of Judgment, - "in as much as ye have done it unto the least of these, my brethren, ye have done it unto me."

Each congregation should send their contributions through the usual cahnnels to avoid misunderstandings and confusion.

Yours for the suffering, in the name of Jesus, Vineland Ont.

Dec. 14, 1921.

Per S. F. Coffam, Sec. Treas.

A MEETING OF A DELEGATION OF MENNONITES WITH THE HONOURABLE SHARLES STEWART, ACTING MINISTER OF IMMIGRATION AND COLONIZATION. Ottawa, Ont., March 29th, 1922.

A delegation comprised of the following representatives of Mennonite districts.— A.A.Frissen, Delegate from Russia, H.H.Ewert, from Western Canada, S. Goudie, of the Mennonite Brethren in Christ, Ontario, S.F.Coffman, of the Mennonite C nference of Ontario, and Gerhard Ens, of Rosthern, Sask., Met in the office of the Acting Minister of Immigration and Colonization at 10 o'clock, and were introduced to the Minister by Mr. W.B.Euler, Member of Parkisment from North Waterloo, and also met at the same time the Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Motherwell, of Sask.

In introducing the Delegation, Mr. Wuler referred to his acquaintance with the Mennonite people and the favorable opinion which he has of them. He also referred to the acquaintance which the Prime Minsster, Mr. King, has of the Mennonite people, and their particular problems, and the favorable attitude which he takes regarding these questions. He stated that the question in which the Delagation os interested has been talked over between themselves and that the Government was favorably inclined toward the interests of the Mennonite people, and felt that they were unduly handicapped by some of the previous legislation.

The Statement and Petition of the Mennonites was then read by S.F.Coffman, and explanations were as de pertinent to these statements and petition. It was explained how that the Order-in-C uncil which classed the Mennonites among the undesirables who were not allowed immigration privileges had injured the business interests of our people and had subjected them to reproach and persecution needlessly, and had placed them under a wrong light before people who knew them only in name.

H.H. Ewert explained the standing of the Mennonites in the West on the question of education, showing that the privileges granted by the Government caused the first difficulty on account of the conflict which the privilege brought about with the Provincial Governments, He showed that a large percentage of the brethren in the West had complied with the local demands concerning the school law and that the exercise of pations on the part of the authorities would have resulted in a more satisfactory condition and a possible colution of the differences. He also stated that, while the dissatisfied section of the Mennonites in the West showed no spirit of resentment toward the Government for not granting the school and language privileges, there seemed to be no inclination on their part to desist from their purpose of migrating to other parts. He made it view that at least two-thirds of the Mennonites in the West had adopted the school systems and standards as prescribed by Government

A.A. Friesen stated the position of the Mennonites in Russia on the language and education questions. He stated that they had adopted the language of the country for all of their educational work, using the German for their religious instruction only, which necessarily was required to be in German. He stated that there was no law in Russia required to be in German language for religious purposes. He stated against the use of the German language for religious purposes. He stated that there would be no hesitation on the part of the Mennonites in Russia in accepting the language and school systems of Canada in case they were admitted to this country. They asked nonspecial privileges in they were admitted to this country. They asked nonspecial privileges in regard to schools and language. He stated also that the Russian brethren would expect from the Government the exercise of patience until the change in language and customs could be effected.

The Minister, Mr. Stewart, had to say concerning the Order-in-Council, that he saw no reason on his part for the law having been made to discriminate against the Mennonites, and that he believed it

AAMeeting .- 2.

to be necessary to revoke the same. He believed this position to be the opinion of the members of the Government, and that it was their purpose to to, at an early date, take this matter into consideration, and in his opinion, it would be revoked. He inquired concerning the number of Memonites leaving Canada, and was informed that the number of the Old Colony people was about 20% or 25% of the whole Memonite population in the West, but no one could tell whether or not they all would leave the country. He also inquired concerning the possibility of of Memonites leaving Russia at this time, and was informed that the Ukrainian Government had granted the privilege of ammigration tomrefugees and also to a y individuals who had permission to eneter another country.

The Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Motherwell, inquired whether it was expected to that the special privileges granted to the Mennonutes were yo be perpetuated, and how long. It was stated in reply that in so far as the faith of non-resistance was concerned, it had been the faith of the Church for centuries and had been maintained by our people during the time of the war, and that at the present time the same belief was held even more strongly by our people was gaining in strength among others as well, which fact was acceeded to by the Minister himself.

The Minister of Immigration suggested the policy of limiting settlements to small groups, rather than in large colonies, for the sake

of speeding assimilation.

H. H. Ewert inquired of the Government concerning the extending of credit to the Mennonites from Russia to pay transportation expenses, providing the immigrants would give joint nates to the Government and these be secured by the Mennonite Church in Camada. The Minister of Immigration stated that the Government could give notaid, but since this would be in the nature of a loan he would consider the matter with his colleagues.

The Delegation did not try to elicit an expression from the Ministers concerning military exemption since there is proposed legislation with regard to the repeal of the Military Service Act of 1917, in which case the status of the Mennonites as a class would remain unchanged

from what it was before the war.

The Delegation feels that the audience given by the members of the Government was acceptable and will not be unfruitful of results.

Ottowe, Canada, March 29th 1922.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE PRIME MINISTER OF CANADA, MR. W. L. MACKENZIE KING on March 30th, 1922, at the office of the Prime Minister, there being

present A.A. Fiesen, H.H. Ewert and Gerhard Ens.

The Delegation informed the Prime Minister that they had already seen the acting Minister of Immigration and Colonization, Mr. Stewart, about the revoking of the Order-in-Council prohibiting Mennonites from immigrating to Canda, and that the Minister had told them that he was in favor of revoking this Order, and that he would bring it before t the Vouncil for discussion and action. The Prime Minister expressed himself in full agreement with the attitude of Mr Stewart, and that he

would pross most energetically for the lifting of the encumbrance.

It was also suggested to him that the Government might be appealed to to facilitate the immigration of the Mennonites from Russia by extending a loancovering the expenses of the passage. The Prime Minister dod not vecomuit himself in regard to this question, but the Pelegation got the impression that he might consider the proposition favorably.

The urgency of the question of immigration was still futher impressed were desiring to get permission to come to Canada. It was also pointed out to him that the immigration of the Mennonites in 1874 had meant much for Canada and that this immigratioon might exceed the former immigration in extent and importance. He was also i nformed that the Government formerly, in a time of distress, had advanced to the Mennomites a loan of \$100,000 which the Mennonites paid back to the Government in due time.

At the close of the interview the Prime Minister inquired as to whether the children of these immigrants generally stuck to the faith of the fathers. Upon receiving an affirmative answer he expressed himself as much preased that such was the case .- Friesen, Ewert, Ens.

COPY.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE MINISTER OF IMMIGRATION AND COLONIZATION, MR.

CHARLES STEWART, April 3rd, 19 22, in the office of the Ministerm there
being present A.A. Friesen and Gerhard Ens.

The Minister as asked regarding the meeting of the Touncil on Saturday at which time the revoking of the Order-in-Council was to be discussed. He reblied that on account of other pressing business it had not been discussed, but that he hoped that it would by discussed at the next meeting of the Council on Saturday, Next, and that he had no doubt of a favorable outcome.

The Minister was then asked as to the attutude of the Government toward exemption of the Russian Mennonites from military service. He stated that, at the present time it would be difficult to grant special privileges in this respect, but that the laws of Canada would be applied equally to all Mennonirtes, and the Russian Mononites need not werry about this matter. The Minister was then asked whether any restrictions for the Russian Mannonites would be connected with the lifting of the Order-in-Cuncil. The Minister stated emphatically that this would not be done, whereupon the Delegation expressed their fulle st datisfaction. The Minister added that this was his personal view and that he was sure that this was also the sentiment of the Government.

The Delegation then asked the Minister whether Canadian Mennouites may proceed with the preparatory organization of the immigration of the Russian Mennenites, pending the revocation of the Order-in-Council. The Minister stated the reupon that it would be pefectly safe to go shead and that in his opinion there was no reason for fear and delay .-

Friesen, Ens.

A STATEMENT AND PETITION OF THE MENNONITES OF ONTARIO AND WESTERN CANADA.

To the Honourable Charles Stewart, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, Ottawa Canada.

Honourable Sir:-

It is with heartfelt gratitude that we, the Mennonite people residing in Ca da, record the many favors whice the Government of Canada has granted to us and th great consideration that has been giv n to our problems, both of life and of religious convictions, in the years that are passed. The peculiar relationship which our people have sustained to the problems of the nation in the past have been understood by many people and has resulted in unfounded prejudices and unwarrented opposition.

The Government of Canada has had a full acquaintance with the Mennonite people and understands the principles of peace and Goog will which our people have been wont to put into practice in their daily life. It is known that they have put forth special efforts in ministering relief and succour, both du ing and since the time of hostilities. Even now, our organizations and dacilities for relief work are increasing, and we are engaged in ministe ing relief in many fields where suffering abounds. In Canada, (Ontario) a partial report estimates that over \$100,000.00 Dollars have been donated b the non-resistant people for relief work, and donations are constantly given for these purposes. We regrat the incidents which have a, rred the harmonius relations between the Government and our people. We feel, howeverm that misundertandings have existed, and that indirect influences have effected these differences.

The Order-inCouncil of June 9, 1919, was passed after the entering into Canada of the communistic poeple, called the Hutterites. Their communistic practices were looked u on as limiting their possibiliti es of n turalization. Yet these principles have never been held by Mennonites. The ressure that was brought to bear against this class of Leople has caused that the mennonites were included. This involves a calss of people in whih the many were made to suffer gor the sake of restricting th few. May we state that Mennonites having been classed as undes rablesm many respectible citizens of this and other countries were stigmatized and the lawful interests and sovial life were handicapped. Many business men found their interests restricted and their business limited on account of their religious beliefs and their name, Mennonije. May we suggest to your department, that whatever may be done to remove this disab ility will be highly appreciated by

many worthy and loyal citizens of Canada.

The recognition of actual conditions existing among the Mennonites of Canadawould be helpful in effecting a closer union of the interests of the Canadian people. We know that difficulties have existed and do exists in some sections among our people in the West, chiefly with regard to questions of language and education. It should be definitely understoood that these questions have never at any previous ntime caused any difficulty on the part of our people. In Ontario the Mennonites have always supported the public school system and educated their children in the english language. Neither in the United States nor in Russia have the Mennonites refused to adopt the public school system and the language of the country. Among the Mennonites in the West, the majority have also adoptes the public school system and give instruction in the english language. It is only because of guarantees given by the Dominion Government under Orders-in-Council that a section of Mennonites in the West claim the privilege of maintaining private schools and teaching their own children in their own language. It is well known that

the support of education is one of the characteristics of the Mennonite people in general. We deplose the favt that the general public has wrongly estimated the position of the Mennonites regarding these questions, and have formed prejudices opinions which have worked harm and have done injustice to our people. It has always been our parpose, and shall continue to be so, to support such necessary and beneficial institutions of the country.

May we call the attention of your Government to the question of permitting the immigration of our brethren of like faith who now reside in famine stricken Russia. These people, racially and religiously, are of the same class and type as those who comprise the majority of the citizenship of Great Britain and of Canada. Exigencies of life obliged them to go eastward instead of westward. The success of their enterprising nature is marked by the prosperity which they have attained in their abode. They are recognized by the highest authorities as an ambitious, progressive and successful people. The late Vicecount James Bryce, having visited southern Russia, declared the Russian Mennonites to rank among the most successful agriculturalists he had ever met with. The immense quantities of wheat exported from Russia in normal times,a necessary staple of Britain and continental Ecrope, - was mainly thhe product of Southern Russia. The outlook for Mennonite people in that section is very dark and unpromisions. We/believe/the/with/theit/qualf ifications (Owing to the unfortunate conditions in Russia these people have been reduced to a state of destitution.) We believe, that, with their qualifications, these people would be worthy of a home under the beneficent conditions of a prosperous and stable Government. Our sympathies naturally go out to them at the present time. Our relief organizations are forwarding to them \$27,000 per month to keep them from starving. Our plan now is that the Government of Canada may give consideration to this class of people as settlers in the vast areas of the West. They have no prejudices against our system of education or our language, and there will be no difficulty with regard to their adopting these requirement pat/the Government. At a time when our Govermment is looking out for a people with agricultural tendencies and adapted to the requirement of pioneer life, we request that consideration be given to our friends in Russia.

The most ungent appeals are sent from these people to their friends in Canada to assist them to come to this country, and many of these friends have expressed their willingness to send them passage money, but fear the risk of having them returned from our ports so long as the

Order-in-Council prohibiting their entry is not revoked.

We trust that these statements and petitions which we herewith lay before you may be given your most earnest and early consideration and may meet with your approval, and your petitioners shall humbly pray.

We are, Most respectfully, (Signed) A.A. Friesen, Delegate of the Mennonites in Russia.

S.F. Coffman, Representing M.n. Conf, of Ontario. Men. Breth. in Christ, Ontario.
Mennonites of Western Canada. S. Goudie,

Mennonites of Western Canada. H.H.Ewert, " . Rosthern. Gehard Ens, 11

A STATEMENT AND PETITION OF THE MENNONITES OF ONTARIO AND WESTERN CANADA.

To the Honourable Charles Stewart, Minister of Imagration and Colonization, Ottawa Canada.

Honourable Sir:-

It is with heartfelt gratitude that we, the Mennonite people residing in Ca da, record the many favors whice the Government of Canada has granted to us and the great consideration that has been given to our problems, both of life and of religious convictions, in the years that are passed. The peculiar relationship which our people have sustained to the problems of the nation in the past have been understood by many people and has resulted in

unfounded prejudices and unwarrented opposition.

The Government of Canada has had a full acquaintance with the Mennonite people and understands the principles of peace and Goog will which our people have been wont to put into practice in their daily life. It is known that they have put forth special efforts in ministering relief and succour, both du ing and since the time of hostilities. Even now, our organizations and dacilities for relief work are increasing, and we are engaged in ministering relief in many fields where suffering abounds. In Canada, (Ontario) a partial report estimates that over \$100,000.00 Dollars have been donated by the non-resistant people for relief work, and donations are constantly given for these purposes. We regrat the incidents which have a, rred the harmonius relations between the Government and our people. We feel, howeverm that misundertandings have existed, and that indirect influences have effected these differences.

The Order-incouncil of June 9, 1919, was passed after the entering into Canada of the communistic poeple, called the Hutterites. Their communistic practices were looked u on as limiting their possibilities of n turalization. Yet these principles have never been held by Mennonites. The pressure that was brought to bear against this class of teople has caused that the mennonites were included. This involves a call so of people in which the many were made to suffer gor the sake of restricting th few. May we state that Mennonites having been classed as under rablesm many respectible citizens of this and other countries were stigmatized and the lawful interests and sovial life were handicapped. Many business men found their interests restricted and their business limited on account of their religious beliefs and their name, Mennonite. May we suggest to your department, that whatever may be done to remove this disability will be highly appreciated by

many worthy and loyal citizens of Canada.

The recognition of actual conditions existing among the Mennonites of Canadawould be helpful in effecting a closer union of the interests of the Canadian people. We know that difficulties have existed and do exists in some sections among our people in the West, chiefly with regard to questions of language and education. It should be definitely understoood that these questions have never at any previous time caused any difficulty on the part of our people. In Ontario the Mennonites have always supported the public school system and educated their children in the english language. Neither in the United States nor in Russia have the Mennonites refused to adopt the public school system and the language of the country. Among the Mennonites in the West, the majority have also adoptes the public school system and give instruction in the english language. It is only because of guarantees given by the Dominion Government under Orders-in-Council that a section of Mennonites in the West claim the privilege of maintaining private schools and teaching their own children in their own language. It is well known that

the support of education is one of the characteristics of the Mennonite people in general. We deplote the favt that the general public
has wrongly estimated the position of the Mennonites regarding these
questions, and have formed prejudiced opinions which have worked harm
and have done injustice to our people. It has always been our parpose,
and shall continue to be so, to support such necessary and beneficial

institutions of the country. May we call the attention of your Government to the question of permitting the immigration of our brethren of like faith who now reside in famine stricken Russia. These people, racially and religiously, are of the same class and type as those who comprise the majority of the citizenship of Great Britain and of Canada. Exigencies of life obliged them to go eastward instead of westward. The success of their enterprising nature is marked by the prosperity which they have attained in their abode. They are recognized by the highest authorities as an ambitious, progressive and successful people. The late Vicecount James Bryce, having visited southern Russia, declared the Russian Mennonites to rank among the most successful agriculturalists he had ever met with. The immense quantities of wheat exported from Russia in normal times,a necessary staple of Britain and continental Ecrope, - was mainly thhe product of Southern Russia. The outlook for Mennonite people in that section is very dark and unpromisions. We/believe/that/with/their/qualifications / Owing to the unfortunate conditions in Russia these people have been reduced to a state of destitution.) We believe, that, with their qualifications, these people would be worthy of a home under the beneficent conditions of a prosperous and stable Government. Our sympathies naturally go out to them at the present time. Our relief organizations are forwarding to them \$27,000 per month to keep them from starving. Our plan now is that the Government of Canada may give consideration to this class of people as settlets in the vast areas of the West. They have no prejudices against our system of education or our language, and there will be no difficulty with regard to their adopting these requirement pot/the Government. At a time when our Govermment is looking out for a people with agricultural tendencies and adapted to the requirement of pioneer life, we request that consideration be given to our friends in Russia.

The most ungent appeals are sent from these people to their friends in Canada to assist them to come to this country, and many of these friends have expressed their willingness to send them passage money, but fear the risk of having them returned from our ports so long as the

Order-in-Council prohibiting their entry is not revoked.

We trust that these statements and petitions which we herewith lay before you may be given your most earnest and early consideration and may meet with your approval, and your petitioners shall humbly pray.

We are. Most respectfully,

(Signed) A.A. Friesen, Delegate of the Mennonites in Russia.

S.F.Coffman, Representing M.n. Conf, of Ontario.

S.Goudie, Men. Breth. in Christ, Ontario.

H.H.Ewert, Mennonites of Western Canada.

" H.H.Ewert, " Mennonites of Western Canada.
" Gehard Ens, " " " " , Rosthern.

L. R. Heris | French When Reserving en Elmind Edger Stranger Mennonite Archives of Ontario Report of ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NON-RESISTANT RELIEF ORGANIZATION? held in the First Mennonite Church, Kitchener. Ont .. April 18, 1922. At the call of the Chairman, the annual meeting of the Non-Resistant Relief Organization was called into session at the First Mennonite Church Kitchener, Ont, April 18th, 1922, Brother L. J. Burkholder, Chairman, presiding. The following members of the Organization were present .-L. J. Burkholder, Samuel Goudie, S.F.Coffman, L.B.Heise, David bergey, Christian Ggeho, Jacob R. Bender, also Noah B. Bearinger, unofficially. The Secretary read the minutes of the previous meeting, which, unamended, were sustained. The Committee on Compiling records of experiences of our brethren during the late war and Searching records for legislation regarding military exemptions gave a report through S. F. Coffman and S Goudie. Onemotion of L. B. Heise, seconded by J. Bender, the report was accepted and the Committee retained. A motion was sustained that the Brethren J.R. Bender. Nosh Bearinger. L.B.Heise, S. Goudie and S.F.Coffman shall collect data from the several bodies of our Organization regarding the experiences of our brethren in camps and before military Tribunals for combiling and The members of the Organization who accompanied the Russian Brethren to Ottawa, March 29th, 1922, to interview the Government regarding the revocation of the Order-in-Council prohibiting the immigration of Mennonites and securing privileges for the suffering brethren in Russia to settle in Canada, reported to the meeting through 3. Goudie and S. F. Coffman. The report was approved. Moved by David Bergey and seconded by C. Gasho that the travelling expenses of the brethren S.F. Coffman and S. Goudie be paid out of the expense fund of the Organization .- Carried. It was also moved and carried. That the expenses of the brethren attending this meeting be paid out of the expense fund. A motion was made and sustained. That an appeal be made to our congregations for funds to defray further expenses of this Organization. and that such contributions above the amount required for the expense fund shall be placed in the relief funds.

It was moved by Brother D vid Bergey and seconded by J.R. Bender.

That all of the officers shall be reclected. Carried. Upon fixther consideration it was discovered that the reelection of all officers gave some of the bodies represented too large a quots of members on the Executive Committee, whereupon a motion was made by L.J.Burkholder, seconded by S.F.Coffman that the election of officers be reconsidered .- Carried. Brother D. Bergey then moved the election of 8. Goudie as Chairman of the Organization, and the motion, seconded by D. Bergey, was carried. Moved by D. Bergey, seconded by S. Goudie, That L. B. Heise be elected vice-chairman, - Carried. Moved by D. Bergey, seconded by J.R. Bender, That S.F. Coffman be reelected Secretary Tressurer .- Carried. The following members, with the officers of the Organization, were electedmembers of the Executice Committee .- C. Gasho and N.B. Bearinger. The members of the Organization representing the various bodies in the organization, are as follows.-S. Goudie, Stouffville, R. Sievenpiper, 181 Burwick Ave., Toronto, C. H. Good 53 Cameron st. Kitchener, C Gosto. Buder JR Render, Toiretock Al. 1. C. Shult, Milletter L.B. Her Mennonite Archives of Ontario Auras Resser Recherring Arr. Herre, Jorney M. M. Bearinger Union Relation meeting adjourned at 5: 6 to meet at the very the Charman First Mennonite Church, Mitchemer, Ont., APPILIS, 1922. -son and to guiteem lanung out, memurand out to flat ent th seria out to noisees oful bolles saw noiteringro telled justainen Mormonite Church Hitchener, Ont. April 18th, 1922, Brother L. J. Burkholder, Chelrman, preciding. -- dresers or the interior of the order and order of L. J. Burkholder, Samuel Goudie, S.F.Coffman, L.B.Heise, David bergey, Christian Cacho, Jacob M. Bender, Sise Noah B. Bearinger, unofficially. The Secretary read the minutes of the previous meeting, which, unumended, were sustained. allitery exemptions gave a record through S. F. Coffman and S Goudie. Canadion of L. B. Heise, seconded by J. Heender, the report was A motion was sustained that the Brethren J.R. Bender, Meah Bearinger, and mort etab feelies liede manife and S.F.Coffman the class date of the class of t uno to secondrague out maibrager nolforiaspro tro to melhod foreven bus suilidade not elemediry traffilm eroled bus somes at merdere .molisavievo . Devorque sew frocer off . need to 0.7.2 5mg expense fund of the Organisation. - Carried. attending this meeting be paid to the expense land, congregations for funds to defray farther expenses of this Organization, tond until be slave the the relief funds. It was moved by Brother D vid Bergey and seconded by J. R. Bender, a egist out betweenqui seibed out to once even erecitio fir to quote of members on the Executive Committee, whereupon a motion was motionic odf fad namitato. L. S ve bedances, rebiodires. C. I ve chem .beirrod -.bereblemoser of aresilte to Brother D. Bergey then moved the election of S. Coudle as Chairman of the Organization, and the motion, seconded by D. Bergey, was carried. Moved by D. Borgey, seconded by S. Gondie, That L. S. Hoise be .beitra0 - namilado-poly beforled. Mered by D. Berger, seconded by J.E. Bonder, Thet S. F. Coffman be . beirs0 - remesorT vrsfered befores The following members, with the efficers of the Organisation, were electedmembers of the Execution Committee. - C. Gashe and -- evolfer on ore , moitseines to out of Sood. H. O. ofnorof, , eva Molwandist, recignovels, allivernost, elanob. 55 Cameron at, Eltohener, Classor, Groten

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NON-RESISTANT RELIEF ORGANIZATION Held in the Church of the Mennonite Brethren in Christ, Mount Joy, Markham Ont., March 29, 1923.

The meeting was called to order by the Chaitman, Bro. Samuel Goudie. at 9.45 A.M. Levi Heise and S.F. Coffman led in prayer.

Members present were S. Goudie, S.F. Coffman, Levi Heise. Silas Cressman, Christian Gascho and Christian Schultz.

The minutes of the Secretary not being as hand the report was not given

The report of the Committee to compile statistics and experiences of our brethren who passed before military tribunals and in camps, was not ready but was considered for some time.

A motion, by S? Cressman and L. Heise, That the Committee to collect statistics and compile reports be retained and urged to carry on their work, was passed. - S.F. Coffman and S. Goudie, the Committee.

Upon motion by L. Heise and S.F. Coffman, Samuel Goudie was elected Chairman of the Non-resistant Relief Organization for the coming year.

S.Cressman and C. Gascho supported the motion to elect S.F.Coffman as Secretary Treasure for the coming year. - Carried.

The following Brethren were elected as the Executive Committee for the coming year: - S.Goudie, D.W. Heise, S.F. Coffman, Chr. Gascho. Thos. Ressor.

The prospectus of the/Colonization Association of North America was read by the Secretary and was given extended consideration and discussion; and also the relation of our respective districts to the work of the Colonization Association was gone into woth careful consideration. Resolution .-

Resolved, "That we hereby express our apporval of the purposes set forth and of the work done by the Mennonite Colonization Association of North America, Limited, and we recommend that the respective bodies represented in our Relief Organization take such steps in aiding the Colonization Association in the work of bringing out of Russia our suffering brethren in the faith as each body may find best adapted to their circumstances; we alsurge that substantial aid should be given in order to meet the great financial needs and burdens conn cted with the relief project.

It was also Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to correspond with the Mannonite Colonization of North America Limited, regarding the plan of payment of shares, so as to accommodate the needs of subscribers in Ontario, and to give assurance to their investments.

Whereas the matter of bringing in Mennonite refugees from other countries than Russia was considered, We recommend that Brother L.J.Burkholder be instructed to secure information pertaining yo the matter from the Immigration department at Toronto, and report his findings to the Secretary who shall in turn report to the members of the N/R.R. Organization.

Upon motion of S. Cressman, the meeting adjourned at 3.45 P.M.

Treasurer's Report.

Balance in Bank, To Expense Account, Mar. 29, 1923. \$40.84.

S. F. Coffman, Secretary.

NON-RESISTANT RELIEF ORGANIZATION.

Report of Annual Meeting, held in the Mennonite Brethren in Christ, Church, Kitchener Ontario,

April 9, 1924.

The meeting was called to order at 9.30 A. M. by the Chairman, Brother Samuel Goudie. Members present were, Silas Cressman, Ephraim Sievenpiper, L. J. Burkholder, David Bergey and S. F. Coffman.

The Minutes of the previous meeting were read, and, upon Motion, were approved.

The report of the Secretary, who had been instructed at the last meeting to correspod with the Canadian Mennonite Board of Colonization regarding the Russian Mennonite Immigration, was then given. Upon motion by Brethren L. J. Burkholder and E. Sievenpiper the report eas accepted.

The Committee appointed to compile statistics respecting our brethmen who had dealings with Military Tribunals, reported some progress, and uopn motion were retained. S. Goudie, S. F. Coffman.

It was moved by the brethren S. Cressman and E. Sievenpiper that Brother D. W. Heise be added to the Committee. - Carried.

An inquiry concerning the Committeeappointed to investigate the earliest records of exeption for Mennonites and other non-resistant people, brought no report, as one of the members of the Committee was absent. - The Committee stands. - S. F. Coffman, D.W. Heise.

The reorganization was then effected with offivers for the ensuing year as follows.-

Chairman, D. W. Heise, Gormleyb Ont. Vice-cahirman, L. J. Burkholder, Markham. Secretary-Treasurer, S. F. Coffman, Vuneland

Executive Committee, - D. W. Heise, S. F. Coffman, S. Goudie, Stouffvilke, C. Gascho, Baden, Thomas Reesor, Pickering.

Members of the organization stand as formerly, D.W. Heise, Gromley, L.B. Heise, Gormley, Reuben Heise, Gormley, L.J. Burkholder, Markham, David Markey, New Dundee, Thomas Reesor, Pickering, Urias Martin, Waterloo, Noah Behainger, Elmira, Chr. Gascho, Baden, J. cob R. Bender, Tavistock, Chr. Schultz, Milverton and S. F. Coffman, Vineland. S. Bender, Tavistock, S. Goudie, Vineland ont, GN. Good, Kifthener. Ont. M. Gricker. 181. Brunswick av. Torontocky.

The report of the Treasurer was given and accepted, showing a balance of \$20.69 cents in the Treasury, to the credit of the Expense Account.

After a prolonged consideration of the present movement to bring Russian Mennonites to Canada this year, under the agreement made with the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. by the Canadian Mennonite Board of Colonization of Rosthern Sask, the following resolution was presented by motion of the brethren S. Cressman abd D. Bergey.

Whereas our Secretary has given us very helpful information regarding the transportation of immigrants from Russia, and the taking care of them

when they arrive in this country,

Therefore, Resolved, That we express our appreciation of the same and further, that he issue a circular letter to the various congregations represented here and request the pastors to arrange for the soliciting of loans, either privately or at special meetings as may be decided advisable.

Upon Motion by Brother E. Sievenpiper, seconded by Bro.S. Cressman, the meeting adjourned at 3.30 P. M.

S. F. Coffman Secretary.

S. F. COFFMAN VINELAND, ONTARIO

QUESTIONS FOR INFORMATION REGARDING THE EXPERIENCES OF OUR NON/BESISTANT MEN WHEN CALLED BEFORE MILITARY TRIBUNALS.

- 1. At what time were you called to report under Military Service Act? Give your age and your Church home.
- 2. To which tribunal did you first report? Name of place and Officers.
- 3. What claims did you enter for exemption from service?
- 4. What questions did the officers ask you regarding your Church member shp?
- 5. What questions were asked you regarding the Church Doctrines?
- What were you asked concerning your own faith and belief in the nonresistant doctrines and your practice of them?
- 7. What questions were you asked, or what cases find the trubunal present to test your non-resistant faith?
- 8. If the tribunal used the Scriptures to disprove the non-resistant doctrines, or to prose that war was right, what were the Scriptures?
- 9. What Scriptures did you use to prove the doctrine of the Church and your stand for non-resistance?
- 10. Did you pass the physical examination, if so, to what class were you assigned?
- 11. If not exempted, how was your case disposed of?
- 12. If exempted what was the mature of the exemption allowed?
- 13. What papers were given you for exemption?
- 14. If given a leave of absence, what papers did you receive and how often and where did you report?
- 15. Did you suffer any abuse? if so, what was the nature of it?
- 16. Did you receive any aid from ministers or others when you appeared before the tribunal? If so, what aid and by whom?
- 17. If forced into the camp for service, what was the nature of the service? and what flid you do? or what did you suffer?
- 18. How and when were you dismissed from service? or what papers were given you at the close of the service or at the close of the War?