

**Instructions**

- 1. Print your name and UWaterloo ID number at the top of this page, and on no other page.
- 2. Check for questions on both sides of each page.
- 3. Answer the questions in the spaces provided. If you require additional space to answer a question, please use one of the overflow pages, and refer the grader to the overflow page from the original page by giving its page number.
- 4. Do not write on the Crowdmark QR code at the top of each page.
- 5. Use a dark pencil or pen for your work.
- 6. All questions are equally weighted.

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1. Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n(x) dx)^{1/n}$ . (Prove any general statements you use.)

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Extra page for answers. Please specify the question number here and the use of this page on the question page.

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2. (a) State a form of the Baire category theorem.

(b) Let  $f_1, f_2, \dots, f_n, \dots$  be continuous functions from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ , and suppose that the following holds:

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \exists n \geq 1 \text{ such that } f_n(x) \in \mathbb{Q}.$$

Prove: there exist  $a < b$  in  $\mathbb{R}$  and  $n \geq 1$  such that  $f_n$  is constant on the interval  $(a, b)$ .

(c) Show by example that the conclusion of part (b) no longer holds if we do not assume the functions  $f_n$  to be continuous.

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3. Let  $X$  be a compact Hausdorff topological space. Suppose that  $\mathcal{U}$  is a countable basis of open sets for  $X$ , where every  $U \in \mathcal{U}$  is at the same time open and closed. Suppose, moreover, that  $X \in \mathcal{U}$  and that  $[U_1, U_2 \in \mathcal{U}] \Rightarrow [U_1 \cap U_2 \in \mathcal{U}]$ .

(a) Prove: for every  $U \in \mathcal{U}$ , the indicator function  $1_U : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  belongs to the space  $C(X, \mathbb{R})$  of continuous functions from  $X$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ .

(b) Let  $\mathcal{A} = \text{span}\{1_U \mid U \in \mathcal{U}\}$ . Prove that  $\mathcal{A}$  is a unital subalgebra of  $C(X, \mathbb{R})$ .

(c) Let  $\mathcal{A}$  be as above. Prove:  $\mathcal{A}$  is dense in  $C(X, \mathbb{R})$ , in the topology of uniform convergence.

(d) Find a countable set  $\mathcal{Q} \subseteq C(X, \mathbb{R})$  which is dense in  $C(X, \mathbb{R})$ , in the topology of uniform convergence.

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